Milestone Inspection Phase I Report Prepared for: Bryn Mawr Ocean Towers 5055, 5059, and 5061 N Highway A1A Hutchinson Island South, FL 34950

Prepared by:



Office Location 369 NE Baker Road Stuart, FL 34994 Engineer of Record (E.O.R.): Christopher Smyth P.E. License #86362

\*I am qualified to practice in the discipline in which I am hereby signing. I affirm that I do not have an affiliation or other financial interest in the subject building. To the best of my knowledge and ability, this report represents an accurate appraisal of the present condition of the structure, based upon careful evaluation of the present condition of the structure, to the extent reasonably possible.





Building legal name: Bryn Mawr Ocean Towers Site address: 5055, 5059, and 5061 N Highway A1A, Fort Pierce, FL 33950 Parcel #: 1414-601-0004-000-7 Occupancy classification per Florida Building Code 2020, section 310: R-2 Present use: Condominium Type of construction per Florida Building Code 2020, section 602: Type II-B Building square footage: 34,200 square feet (.79 acres) Property square footage: 613,920 square feet (14.09 acres) Year built: 1989 Number of stories per tower: 9 Units per tower: 52 Total number of units of property: 156 Extension to the original structure: No

Inspection commencement date: October 23<sup>rd</sup>, 2023 Inspection completion date: October 24<sup>th</sup>, 2023

The intention of this report is to develop a substantially completed Milestone Inspection Phase One report per the requirements of Senate Bill 4-D and Florida Statutes 553.899.



# 5061 N A1A (Building A) – Roof



5061 N A1A (Building A) – South Elevation





# 

### 5061 N A1A (Building A) – North Elevation

5061 N A1A (Building A) – East Elevation





### 5061 N A1A (Building A) – West Elevation



5059 N A1A (Building B) - Roof





# 5059 N A1A (Building B) – South Elevation



5059 N A1A (Building B) – North Elevation







### 5059 N A1A (Building B) – East Elevation

5059 N A1A (Building B) – West Elevation





# 5055 N A1A (Building C) – Roof



# 5055 N A1A (Building C) – South Elevation







# 5055 N A1A (Building C) – North Elevation

5055 N A1A (Building C) – East Elevation





# 5055 N A1A (Building C) – West Elevation





The inspection is primarily visual; however, destructive testing and investigation will be performed as necessary. Below is a comprehensive list of all components that were assessed during inspection:

- Roofs
- Load Bearing Walls
- Primary Structural Members
- Floors
- Foundations
- Plumbing
- Fire Protection Systems
- Waterproofing
- Exterior Paint
- Doors and Windows
- Mechanical Systems
- Elevators
- Electrical Systems
- Pools
- Tennis Court
- Asphalt Surfaces
- Parking Garages
- Dune Crossing
- Trash Chutes
- Drainage
- Site luminescence

All dates and building details specified within this report are based on the original building plans developed by Stebbins & Scott Architects on March 30<sup>th</sup>, 1988, and my public records request W008567-101323 received by the Property Records office of St. Lucie County on October 13<sup>th</sup>, 2023. This information is being assumed to be correct as there was no structural investigation to confirm the existing buildings' construction.

Units entered: 5061 N Highway A1A (Building A): 506, 605, 803, PH1 5059 N Highway A1A (Building B): 204, 302, 501, PH2 5055 N Highway A1A (Building C): 104, 203, 305, 804, PH4

The resource utilized to determine the useful life of the building components and the replacement cost is the Marshall Valuation Service. It is the determination that the quality of construction is good, which is above average and below excellent. All unit pricing and useful life will be based on good quality construction.



### Table of Contents

Roofs	. <u>Page 13</u>
Load Bearing Walls	. <u>Page 49</u>
Primary Structural Members	. <u>Page 55</u>
Floors	. <u>Page 66</u>
Foundations	. <u>Page 71</u>
Plumbing	. <u>Page 72</u>
Fire Protection Systems	. <u>Page 86</u>
Waterproofing and Exterior Paint	<u>Page 112</u>
Doors and Windows	<u>Page 139</u>
Mechanical Systems	<u>Page 154</u>
Elevators	<u>Page 168</u>
Electrical System	<u>Page 185</u>
Pool	<u>Page 235</u>
Tennis Courts	<u>Page 248</u>
Paving	<u>Page 253</u>
Boardwalks	<u>Page 257</u>
Trash Chutes	<u>Page 266</u>
Drainage	<u>Page 277</u>
Site luminescence	<u>Page 282</u>
Railings	<u>Page 293</u>



1. Roofs – S.I.	R.S. component	
Applicable code(s): 2020 Flor	ida Building Code (F.B.C.) Building	
1.a. 5061 N A1A (Building A)		
Applicable code(s): 2020 Florida	Building Code (F.B.C.) Building	
1.a.1 Roof type – Primary building roof	Hot applied modified bitumen	
1.a.2. Roof deck type – Primary building roof	8" reinforced concrete roof slab	
1.a.3. Last repair date – Primary building roof	2005	
1.a.4. Useful life – Primary building Roof	20 years	
1.a.5. Remaining useful life – Primary building roof	2 years	
1.a.6. Overall Condition – Primary building roof	The roof is in overall fair condition considering the	
	age of the roof. See pictures 1.a.6.1 and 1.a.6.2.	
	The roof showed signs of normal wear and tear	
	with the granular cap sheet that is showing granule	
	loss. The roof seams of the bitumen roof sheets	
	were in fair condition and there were no signs of	
	separation or gaps at the seams. There were signs	
	of some roof blisters and cracks in the membrane.	
	See pictures 1.a.6.3 and 1.a.6.4 The roof	
	termination bar at parapet wall was also in fair	
	condition; however, the caulking is starting to	
	deteriorate and recommend to be recaulked. See	
	pictures 1.a.6.5 and 1.a.6.6. There are granules of	
	the top bitumen sheet accumulating in the corners	
	of the roof. Recommend cleaning up the granules	
	from the roof. See pictures 1.a.6.7 and 1.a.6.8.	
	There is regular maintenance performed on the	
	roof; however, it is recommended to replace the	
	roof. There is also the option of a TAS-126 moisture	
	survey, which detects moisture trapped within a	
	roof system assembly, by a third-party engineer. If	
	the existing roof passes the requirements of the	
	moisture survey by having less than 25% wet area,	
	a new root can be installed over the existing root,	
	while still providing a 20-year No Dollar Limit	
	warranty on both materials and workmanship.	
1.a. 7. Roof vents and flashings – Primary building roof	Roof flashings in fair overall condition – See	
	pictures 1.a./.1 and 1.a./.2.	
1.a.8. Parapet wall – Primary building roof	Parapet wall is in good overall condition. See	
	picture 1.a.8.1	
1.a.9. Drainage – Primary building roof	Drainage is in good overall condition with no signs	
	of blockages.	
1.a.10. Replacement cost – Primary building roof	\$14.74/S.F. x 11,400 S.F. = \$168,036	



1.b. 5059 N A1A (Building B)		
1.b.1 Roof type – Primary building roof	Hot applied modified bitumen	
1.b.2. Roof deck type – Primary building roof	8" reinforced concrete roof slab	
1.b.3. Last repair date – Primary building roof	2005	
1.b.4. Useful life – Primary building Roof	20 years	
1.b.5. Remaining useful life – Primary building roof	2 years	
1.b.6. Overall Condition – Primary building roof	The roof is in overall fair condition considering the	
	age of the roof. See pictures 1.b.6.1 and 1.b.6.2.	
	The roof showed signs of normal wear and tear	
	with the granular cap sheet that is showing granule	
	loss. The roof seams of the bitumen roof sheets	
	were in fair condition and there were no signs of	
	separation or gaps at the seams. There were signs	
	of some cracks in the membrane that need to be	
	addressed. See pictures 1.b.6.3 and 1.b.6.4 The	
	roof termination bar at parapet wall is also in fair	
	condition; however, the caulking is starting to	
	deteriorate and recommend to be recaulked. See	
	pictures 1.b.6.5 and 1.b.6.6. There are granules of	
	the top bitumen sheet accumulating in the corners	
	of the roof. Recommend cleaning up the granules	
	from the roof. The 12"x7" overflow roof scuppers	
	are in good overall condition. See picture 1.b.6.7.	
	There is regular maintenance performed on the	
	roof; however, it is recommended to replace the	
	root. There is also the option of a TAS-126 moisture	
	survey, which detects moisture trapped within a	
	roof system assembly, by a third-party engineer. If	
	the existing root passes the requirements of the	
	noiscure survey by naving less than 25% wet area,	
	while still providing a 20 year No Dollar Limit	
	warranty on both materials and workmanshin	
1 h 7 Roof vents and flashings - Primary building roof	Roof flashings in fair overall condition – See	
	nictures 1 a 7 1 and 1 a 7 2	
1 h 8 Parapet wall – Primary building roof	Paranet wall is in good overall condition. See	
	nicture 1 h 8 1	
1 h 9 Drainage – Primary huilding roof	Drainage is in good overall condition with no signs	
	of blockages.	
1 h 10 Replacement cost – Primary building roof	512000000000000000000000000000000000000	
	717.77/3.1.7 11,700 3.1 7100,030	



1.c. 5055 N A1A (Building C)		
1.c.1 Roof type – Primary building roof	Hot applied modified bitumen	
1.c.2. Roof deck type – Primary building roof	8" reinforced concrete roof slab	
1.c.3. Last replacement date – Primary building roof	2004	
1.c.4. Useful life – Primary building Roof	20 years	
1.c.5. Remaining useful life – Primary building roof	1 year	
1.c.6. Overall Condition – Primary building roof	The roof is in overall fair condition considering the age of the roof. See pictures 1.c.6.1 and 1.c.6.2. The roof showed signs of normal wear and tear with the granular cap sheet that is showing granule loss. The roof seams of the bitumen roof sheets were in fair condition and there were no signs of separation or gaps at the seams. There were signs of some roof blisters and cracks in the membrane. See pictures 1.c.6.3. The roof termination bar at parapet wall was also in fair condition. See picture 1.c.6.4. There is regular maintenance performed on the roof; however, it is recommended to replace the roof. There is also the option of a TAS-126 moisture survey, which detects moisture trapped within a roof system assembly, by a third-party engineer. If the existing roof passes the requirements of the moisture survey by having less than 25% wet area, a new roof can be installed over the existing roof, while still providing a 20-year No Dollar Limit warranty on both materials and workmanship. The 12"x7" overflow roof scuppers are in good overall condition.	
1.c.7. Noor vents and hashings – r finally building roor	pictures 1.c.7.1 and 1.c.7.2.	
1.c.8. Parapet wall – Primary building roof	8" concrete block wall, 64" tall, is showing signs of surface cracking. The cracks do not appear to be structural in nature; however, it is recommended to repair the surface cracks with Sto Guard Rapidseal applied with mesh. See pictures 1.c.8.1 and 1.c.8.2.	
1.c.9. Drainage – Primary building roof	Drainage is in good overall condition with no signs of blockages.	
1.c.10. Replacement cost – Primary building roof	\$14.74/S.F. x 11,400 S.F. = \$168,036	



1.d. Common Area Roofs		
1.d.1. Roof type – Guard house, club house, cabana	Fire retardant handsplit wood shake roof	
1.d.2. Last replacement date – Guard house, club	2020	
house, cabana		
1.d.3. Useful life – Guard house, club house, cabana	29 years	
1.d.4. Remaining useful life – Guard house, club house,	26 years	
cabana		
1.d.5. Overall Condition – Guard house, club house, cabana	Overall good condition. Considering Florida is humid, the wood shakes, developed by Copper River Shake and Shingle LTD, is properly treated, ½" pressure treated, to prevent decay from moss, mildew, and fungus. Shakes have an edgegrain of 80%. See pictures 1.d.5.1, 1.d.5.2, and 1.d.5.3. Roof was installed with Polystick TU Plus self-adhered underlayment and copper edge metal.	
1.d.6. Replacement costs – Guard house, club house, cabana	\$7.03/S.F. x 7,000 S.F. = \$42,910	




























































































![](_page_39_Picture_0.jpeg)

![](_page_39_Picture_1.jpeg)

Picture 1.c.6.3

![](_page_40_Picture_0.jpeg)

![](_page_40_Picture_1.jpeg)

![](_page_41_Picture_0.jpeg)

![](_page_41_Picture_1.jpeg)

![](_page_42_Picture_0.jpeg)

![](_page_42_Picture_1.jpeg)

![](_page_43_Picture_0.jpeg)

![](_page_43_Picture_1.jpeg)

![](_page_44_Picture_0.jpeg)

![](_page_44_Picture_1.jpeg)

![](_page_45_Picture_0.jpeg)

![](_page_45_Picture_1.jpeg)

Picture 1.d.5.1

![](_page_46_Picture_0.jpeg)

![](_page_46_Picture_1.jpeg)

![](_page_47_Picture_0.jpeg)

![](_page_47_Picture_1.jpeg)

![](_page_48_Picture_0.jpeg)

2. Load Bearing Walls – S.I.R.S. component	
Applicable code(s): 2020 Florida	Building Code (F.B.C.) Building
2.a. 5061 N A1A	(Building A)
2.a.1. Useful life	The useful life of the reinforced shearwalls and load
	bearing C.M.U, is indeterminate. These structural
	building components are to last the lifetime of the
	building structure.
2.a.2 Overall condition	Overall good condition. The elevator shearwall and
	the exterior load bearing walls do not show signs of
	any settlement cracking or other deterioration. See
	picture 2.a.2.1.
2.b. 5059 N A1A	(Building B)
2.b.1. Useful life	The useful life of the reinforced shearwalls and load
	bearing C.M.U, is indeterminate. These structural
	building components are to last the lifetime of the
	building structure.
2.b.2 Overall condition	Overall good condition. The elevator shearwall and
	the exterior load bearing walls do not show signs of
	any settlement cracking or any other structural
	deterioration. See picture 2.b.2.1.
2.b. 5055 N A1A	(Building C)
2.c.1. Useful life	The useful life of the reinforced shearwalls and load
	bearing C.M.U, is indeterminate. These structural
	building components are to last the lifetime of the
	building structure.
2.c.2 Overall condition	Overall good condition. The elevator shearwall and
	the exterior load bearing walls do not show signs of
	any settlement cracking; however, the C.M.U. block
	walls and the reinforced concrete beams/column at
	the central elevator tower above the roof level is
	showing signs of spalling. The floor slab at the
	interior of the doorway has some exposed
	reinforcement bar. This damage does not pose a
	risk to life safety; however, area shall be repaired
	according to A.C.I. and I.C.R.I. standards. See
	pictures 2.c.2.1, 2.c.2.2, and 2.c.2.3.

![](_page_49_Picture_0.jpeg)

![](_page_49_Picture_1.jpeg)

![](_page_50_Picture_0.jpeg)

![](_page_50_Picture_1.jpeg)

![](_page_51_Picture_0.jpeg)

![](_page_51_Picture_1.jpeg)

![](_page_52_Picture_0.jpeg)

![](_page_52_Picture_1.jpeg)

![](_page_53_Picture_0.jpeg)

![](_page_53_Picture_1.jpeg)

![](_page_54_Picture_0.jpeg)

3. Primary Structural Mer	mbers – S.I.R.S. Component	
Applicable code(s): 2020 Florida Building Code (F.B.C	.) Building. International Concrete Repair Institute	
(I.C.R.I). American Conc	rete Institute (A.C.I.)	
3.a. 5061 N A1A (Building A)		
3.a.1. Last Restoration Scope	There have been quite a few concrete restoration projects, with the last restoration project occurring	
	in 2021. The useful life for structural concrete is	
	approximately (8) years. It is recommended	
	concrete restoration be performed every (8) years	
	minimum to avoid creating severe structural	
	deterioration that can affect the life safety of the	
	residents.	
3.a.2. Remaining userul life	6 years	
3.a.3. Overall condition	The condition of the structural members, such as	
	the remorcing concrete courins, beams, and	
	scructural concrete stabs, are in good condition	
	considering being adjacent to the ocean. The	
	the deterioration of the structural concrete by	
	popetrating the steel reinforcement. Corrected steel	
	reinforcement will then begin to deteriorate	
	adjacent steel at an accelerated rate causing the	
	structural concrete to spall more rapidly	
3 a 4 Reinforced concrete beams	Beams are in overall good condition and do not	
	show signs of spalling or other structural	
	deterioration.	
3.a.5. Reinforced concrete columns	Columns are in overall good condition and do not	
	show signs of spalling or other structural	
	deterioration.	
3.a.6. Structural concrete slab	Structural concrete slabs are 7" concrete "flat	
	slabs" with #4 reinforcement bar every 12" each	
	way. The concrete slabs are in good condition	
	overall. See pictures 3.a.6.1, and 3.a.6.2	
3.a.7. Structural repairs required	No	
3.a.8. Estimated cost of repairs	52 units x \$6,000/unit = \$312,000	
3.b. 5059 N A1A (Building B)		
3.b.1. Last Restoration Scope	There have been quite a few concrete restoration	
	projects, with the last restoration project occurring	
	in 2021. The useful life for structural concrete is	
	approximately (8) years. It is recommended	
	concrete restoration be performed every (8) years	
	minimum to avoid creating severe structural	

![](_page_55_Picture_0.jpeg)

	deterioration that can affect the life safety of the
	residents.
3.b.2. Remaining useful life	6 years
3.b.3. Overall condition	The condition of the structural members, such as
	the reinforcing concrete columns, beams, and
	structural concrete slabs, are in good condition
	considering being adjacent to the ocean. The
	sodium chloride ions present in the air accelerate
	the deterioration of the structural concrete by
	penetrating the steel reinforcement. Corroded steel
	reinforcement will then begin to deteriorate
	adjacent steel at an accelerated rate causing the
	structural concrete to deteriorate more rapidly.
3.b.4. Reinforced concrete beams	Beams are in overall good condition and do not
	show signs of spalling or other structural
	deterioration.
3.b.5. Reinforced concrete columns	Columns are in overall good condition and do not
	show signs of spalling or other structural
	deterioration.
3.b.6. Structural concrete slab	Structural concrete slabs are 7" concrete "flat
	slabs" with #4 reinforcement bar every 12" each
	way. The concrete slabs are in good condition
	overall. See pictures 3.b.6.1, and 3.b.6.2. There are
	a couple balcony slabs showing the beginning
	stages of spalling; however, these areas do not pose
	a structural life safety concern. See picture 3.b.6.3.
3.b.7. Structural repairs required	No
3.b.8. Estimated cost of repairs	52 units x \$6,000/unit = \$312,000
3.c. 5055 N A14	A (Building C)
3.c.1. Last Restoration Scope	There have been quite a few concrete restoration
	projects, with the last restoration project occurring
	in 2021. The useful life for structural concrete is
	approximately (8) years. It is recommended
	concrete restoration be performed every (8) years
	minimum to avoid creating severe structural
	deterioration that can affect the life safety of the
	residents.
3.c.2. Remaining useful life	6 years
3.c.3. Overall condition	The condition of the structural members, such as
	the reinforcing concrete columns, beams, and
	structural concrete slabs, are in good condition
	considering being adjacent to the ocean. The

![](_page_56_Picture_0.jpeg)

	sodium chloride ions present in the air accelerate the deterioration of the structural concrete by penetrating the steel reinforcement. Corroded steel reinforcement will then begin to deteriorate adjacent steel at an accelerated rate causing the structural concrete to deteriorate more rapidly.
3.c.4. Reinforced concrete beams	Beams are in overall good condition and do not show signs of spalling or other structural deterioration.
3.c.5. Reinforced concrete columns	Columns are in overall good condition and do not show signs of spalling or other structural deterioration.
3.c.6. Structural concrete slab	Structural concrete slabs are 7" concrete "flat slabs" with #4 reinforcement bar every 12" each way. The concrete slabs are in good condition overall. See pictures 3.c.6.1, 3.c.6.2, and 3.c.6.3.
3.c.7. Structural repairs required	No
3.c.8. Estimated cost of repairs	52 units x \$6,000/unit = \$312,000

![](_page_57_Picture_0.jpeg)

![](_page_57_Picture_1.jpeg)

![](_page_58_Picture_0.jpeg)

![](_page_58_Picture_1.jpeg)

![](_page_59_Picture_0.jpeg)

![](_page_59_Picture_1.jpeg)

![](_page_60_Picture_0.jpeg)

![](_page_60_Picture_1.jpeg)

![](_page_61_Picture_0.jpeg)

![](_page_61_Picture_1.jpeg)

![](_page_62_Picture_0.jpeg)

![](_page_62_Picture_1.jpeg)

![](_page_63_Picture_0.jpeg)

![](_page_63_Picture_1.jpeg)

![](_page_64_Picture_0.jpeg)

![](_page_64_Picture_1.jpeg)

![](_page_65_Picture_0.jpeg)

Applicable code(s): 2020 Florids UIDING Code (F.B.C.) Building   4.a.1. Useful life The useful life for floors is indeterminate as this relates to the plumbness of the floors and if there is positive drainage. The actual substrate will be included in the respective structural components as a primary S.I.R.S. component. The coating is addressed in the waterproofing section.   4.a.2. Plumbness Good   4.a.3. Evidence of structural cracks No; however, there is surface cracking throughout the interior pan deck metal composite stairs. These cracks shall be routed up to %" in depth and sealed with urethane caulk per section 3.3 of A.C.I.   2.24.1R-07. See pictures 4.a.3.1 and 4.a.3.2.   2.4.2. Display life The useful life for floors is indeterminate as this relates to the plumbness of the floors and if there is positive drainage. The actual substrate will be included in the respective structural components as a primary S.I.R.S. component. The coating is addressed in the waterproofing section.   4.b.1. Useful life The useful life for floors is indeterminate as this relates to the plumbness of the floors and if there is positive drainage. The actual substrate will be included in the respective structural components as a primary S.I.R.S. component. The coating is addressed in the waterproofing section.   4.b.2. Plumbness Good   4.b.3. Evidence of structural cracks No; however, there is surface cracking throughout the interior pan deck metal composite stairs. These cracks shall be routed up to %" in depth and sealed with urethane caulk per section 3.3 of A.C.I.   4.b.2. Plumbness Good	4. Floors – Non-S.I.R.S. Component	
4.a. 5061 N ALX Useful life for floors is indeterminate as this relates to the plumbness of the floors and if there is positive drainage. The actual substrate will be included in the respective structural components as a primary S.I.R.S. component. The coating is addressed in the waterproofing section.4.a.2. PlumbnessGood4.a.3. Evidence of structural cracksNo; however, there is surface cracking throughout the interior pan deck metal composite stairs. These cracks shall be routed up to %" in depth and sealed with urethane caulk per section 3.3 of A.C.I. 224.1R-07. See pictures 4.a.3.1 and 4.a.3.2.4.b.1. Useful lifeThe useful life for floors is indeterminate as this relates to the plumbness of the floors and if there is positive drainage. The actual substrate will be included in the respective structural components as a primary S.I.R.S. component. The coating is a ddressed in the waterproofing section.4.b.2. PlumbnessGood4.b.2. PlumbnessGood4.b.3. Evidence of structural cracksNo; however, there is surface cracking throughout included in the respective structural components as a primary S.I.R.S. component. The coating is a ddressed in the waterproofing section.4.b.2. PlumbnessGood4.b.3. Evidence of structural cracksNo; however, there is surface cracking throughout the interior pan deck metal composite stairs. These cracks shall be routed up to %" in depth and sealed with urethane caulk per section 3.3 of A.C.I. 224.1R-07. See pictures 4.b.3.1 and 4.b.3.2.4.b.1. Useful lifeNo; however, there is surface cracking throughout the interior pan deck metal composite stairs. These cracks shall be routed up to %" in depth and sealed with urethane caulk per section	Applicable code(s): 2020 Florida	Building Code (F.B.C.) Building
4.a.1. Useful lifeThe useful life for floors is indeterminate as this relates to the plumbness of the floors and if there is positive drainage. The actual substrate will be included in the respective structural components as a primary S.R.S. component. The coating is addressed in the waterproofing section.4.a.2. PlumbnessGood4.a.3. Evidence of structural cracksNo; however, there is surface cracking throughout the interior pan deck metal composite stairs. These cracks shall be routed up to %" in depth and sealed with urethane caulk per section 3.3 of A.C.I. 224.1R-07. See pictures 4.a.3.1 and 4.a.3.2.4.b.1. Useful lifeThe useful life for floors is indeterminate as this relates to the plumbness of the floors and if there is positive drainage. The actual substrate will be included in the respective structural components as a primary S.I.R.S. component. The coating is addressed in the waterproofing section.4.b.2. PlumbnessGood4.b.3. Evidence of structural cracksGood4.b.3. Evidence of structural cracksNo; however, there is surface cracking throughout the interior pan deck metal composite stairs. These cracks shall be routed up to %" in depth and sealed with urethane caulk per section 3.3 of A.C.I. 224.1R-07. See pictures 4.b.3.1 and 4.b.3.2.4.b.3. Evidence of structural cracksGood4.c.1. Useful lifeThe useful life for floors is indeterminate as this relates to the plumbness of the floors and if there is positive drainage. The actual substrate will be included in the respective structural components as a primary S.I.R.S. component. The coating is addressed in the waterproofing section.4.b.2. PlumbnessGood4.c.1. Useful lifeThe useful life	4.a. 5061 N A1A	(Building A)
relates to the plumbness of the floors and if there is positive drainage. The actual substrate will be included in the respective structural components as a primary S.I.R.S. component. The coating is addressed in the waterproofing section.4.a.2. PlumbnessGood4.a.3. Evidence of structural cracksNo; however, there is surface cracking throughout the interior pan deck metal composite stairs. These cracks shall be routed up to ¼" in depth and sealed with urethane caulk per section 3.3 of A.C.I. 224.1R-07. See pictures 4.a.3.1 and 4.a.3.2.4.b.1. Useful lifeThe useful life for floors is indeterminate as this relates to the plumbness of the floors and if there is positive drainage. The actual substrate will be included in the respective structural components as a primary S.I.R.S. component. The coating is addressed in the waterproofing section.4.b.2. PlumbnessGood4.b.3. Evidence of structural cracksNo; however, there is surface cracking throughout the interior pan deck metal composite stairs. These cracks shall be routed up to ¼" in depth and sealed with urethane caulk persection 3.3 of A.C.I. 224.1R-07. See pictures 4.b.3.1 and 4.b.3.2.4.b.2. PlumbnessGood4.b.3. Evidence of structural cracksNo; however, there is surface cracking throughout the interior pan deck metal composite stairs. These cracks shall be routed up to ¼" in depth and sealed with urethane caulk per section 3.3 of A.C.I. 224.1R-07. See pictures 4.b.3.1 and 4.b.3.2.4.c.1. Useful lifeThe useful life for floors is indeterminate as this relates to the plumbness of the floors and if there is positive drainage. The actual substrate will be included in the respective structural components as a primary S.I.R.S. component. The coating	4.a.1. Useful life	The useful life for floors is indeterminate as this
positive drainage. The actual substrate will be included in the respective structural components as a primary S.I.R.S. component. The coating is addressed in the waterproofing section.4.a.2. PlumbnessGood4.a.3. Evidence of structural cracksNo; however, there is surface cracking throughout the interior pan deck metal composite stairs. These cracks shall be routed up to ¼" in depth and sealed with urethane caulk per section 3.3 of A.C.I. 224.1R-07. See pictures 4.a.3.1 and 4.a.3.2.4.b.1. Useful lifeThe useful life for floors is indeterminate as this relates to the plumbness of the floors and if there is positive drainage. The actual substrate will be included in the respective structural components as a primary S.I.R.S. component. The coating is addressed in the waterproofing section.4.b.2. PlumbnessGood4.b.3. Evidence of structural cracksNo; however, there is surface cracking throughout the interior pan deck metal composite stairs. These cracks shall be routed up to ¼" in depth and sealed with urethane caulk per section 3.3 of A.C.I. 224.1R-07. See pictures 4.b.3.1 and 4.b.3.2.4.b.2. PlumbnessGood4.b.3. Evidence of structural cracksNo; however, there is surface cracking throughout the interior pan deck metal composite stairs. These cracks shall be routed up to ¼" in depth and sealed with urethane caulk per section 3.3 of A.C.I. 224.1R-07. See pictures 4.b.3.1 and 4.b.3.2.4.b.2. PlumbnessGood4.c.1. Useful lifeThe useful life for floors is indeterminate as this relates to the plumbness of the floors and if there is positive drainage. The actual substrate will be included in the respective structural components as a primary S.I.R.S. component. The coating is addr		relates to the plumbness of the floors and if there is
included in the respective structural components as a primary S.I.R.S. component. The coating is addressed in the waterproofing section.4.a.2. PlumbnessGood4.a.3. Evidence of structural cracksNo; however, there is surface cracking throughout the interior pan deck metal composite stairs. These cracks shall be routed up to ¼" in depth and sealed with urethane caulk per section 3.3 of A.C.I. 224.1R-07. See pictures 4.a.3.1 and 4.a.3.2.4.b.1. Useful lifeThe useful life for floors is indeterminate as this relates to the plumbness of the floors and if there is positive drainage. The actual substrate will be included in the respective structural components as a primary S.I.R.S. component. The coating is addressed in the waterproofing section.4.b.2. PlumbnessGood4.b.3. Evidence of structural cracksNo; however, there is surface cracking throughout the interior pan deck metal composite stairs. These cracks shall be routed up to ¼" in depth and sealed with urethane caulk per section 3.3 of A.C.I. 224.1R-07. See pictures 4.b.3.1 and 4.b.3.2.4.b.2. PlumbnessGood4.b.3. Evidence of structural cracksNo; however, there is surface cracking throughout the interior pan deck metal composite stairs. These cracks shall be routed up to ¼" in depth and sealed with urethane caulk per section 3.3 of A.C.I. 224.1R-07. See pictures 4.b.3.1 and 4.b.3.2.4.c.1. Useful lifeThe useful life for floors is indeterminate as this relates to the plumbness of the floors and if there is positive drainage. The actual substrate will be included in the respective structural components as a primary S.I.R.S. component. The coating is addressed in the waterproofing section.4.c.2. PlumbnessGood <td< th=""><th></th><th>positive drainage. The actual substrate will be</th></td<>		positive drainage. The actual substrate will be
a primary S.I.R.S. component. The coating is addressed in the waterproofing section.4.a.2. PlumbnessGood4.a.3. Evidence of structural cracksNo; however, there is surface cracking throughout the interior pan deck metal composite stairs. These cracks shall be routed up to ¼" in depth and sealed with urethane caulk per section 3.3 of A.C.I. 224.1R-07. See pictures 4.a.3.1 and 4.a.3.2.4.b.1. Useful lifeThe useful life for floors is indeterminate as this relates to the plumbness of the floors and if there is positive drainage. The actual substrate will be included in the respective structural components as a primary S.I.R.S. component. The coating is addressed in the waterproofing section.4.b.2. PlumbnessGood4.b.3. Evidence of structural cracksNo; however, there is surface cracking throughout the interior pan deck metal composite stairs. These cracks shall be routed up to ¼" in depth and sealed with urethane caulk per section 3.3 of A.C.I. 224.1R-07. See pictures 4.b.3.1 and 4.b.3.2.4.b.2. PlumbnessGood4.c.1. Useful lifeThe useful life for floors is indeterminate as this relates to the plumbness of the floors and if there is positive drainage. The actual substrate with urethane caulk per section 3.3 of A.C.I. 224.1R-07. See pictures 4.b.3.1 and 4.b.3.2.4.c.1. Useful lifeThe useful life for floors is indeterminate as this relates to the plumbness of the floors and if there is positive drainage. The actual substrate will be included in the respective structural components as a primary S.I.R.S. component. The coating is addressed in the waterproofing section.4.c.1. Useful lifeThe useful life for floors is indeterminate as this relates to the plumbness of the floors and i		included in the respective structural components as
addressed in the waterproofing section.4.a.2. PlumbnessGood4.a.3. Evidence of structural cracksNo; however, there is surface cracking throughout the interior pan deck metal composite stairs. These cracks shall be routed up to %" in depth and sealed with urethane caulk per section 3.3 of A.C.I. 224.1R-07. See pictures 4.a.3.1 and 4.a.3.2.4.b.1. Useful lifeThe useful life for floors is indeterminate as this relates to the plumbness of the floors and if there is positive drainage. The actual substrate will be included in the respective structural components as a primary S.I.R.S. component. The coating is addressed in the waterproofing section.4.b.2. PlumbnessGood4.b.3. Evidence of structural cracksNo; however, there is surface cracking throughout the interior pan deck metal composite stairs. These cracks shall be routed up to %" in depth and sealed with urethane caulk per section 3.3 of A.C.I. 224.1R-07. See pictures 4.b.3.1 and 4.b.3.2.4.b.2. PlumbnessGood4.b.3. Evidence of structural cracksNo; however, there is surface cracking throughout the interior pan deck metal composite stairs. These cracks shall be routed up to %" in depth and sealed with urethane caulk per section 3.3 of A.C.I. 224.1R-07. See pictures 4.b.3.1 and 4.b.3.2.4.c.1. Useful lifeThe useful life for floors is indeterminate as this relates to the plumbness of the floors and if there is positive drainage. The actual substrate will be included in the respective structural components as a primary S.I.R.S. component. The coating is addressed in the waterproofing section.4.c.2. Uuseful lifeGood4.c.2. PlumbnessGood4.c.2. PlumbnessGood4.c.2.		a primary S.I.R.S. component. The coating is
4.a.2. PlumbnessGood4.a.3. Evidence of structural cracksNo; however, there is surface cracking throughout the interior pan deck metal composite stairs. These cracks shall be routed up to ¼" in depth and sealed with urethane caulk per section 3.3 of A.C.I. 224.1R-07. See pictures 4.a.3.1 and 4.a.3.2.4.b.1. Useful lifeThe useful life of floors is indeterminate as this relates to the plumbness of the floors and if there is positive drainage. The actual substrate will be included in the respective structural components as a primary S.I.R.S. component. The coating is addressed in the waterproofing section.4.b.2. PlumbnessGood4.b.3. Evidence of structural cracksNo; however, there is surface cracking throughout the interior pan deck metal composite stairs. These cracks shall be routed up to ¼" in depth and sealed with urethane caulk per section 3.3 of A.C.I. 224.1R-07. See pictures 4.b.3.1 and 4.a.3.2.4.b.2. PlumbnessGood4.b.3. Evidence of structural cracksNo; however, there is surface cracking throughout the interior pan deck metal composite stairs. These cracks shall be routed up to ¼" in depth and sealed with urethane caulk per section 3.3 of A.C.I. 224.1R-07. See pictures 4.b.3.1 and 4.b.3.2.4.c.1. Useful lifeThe useful life for floors is indeterminate as this relates to the plumbness of the floors and if there is positive drainage. The actual substrate will be included in the respective structural components as a primary S.I.R.S. component. The coating is addressed in the waterproofing section.4.c.1. Useful lifeThe useful life for floors is indeterminate as this relates to the plumbness of the floors and if there is positive drainage. The actual substrate will be included in the		addressed in the waterproofing section.
4.a.3. Evidence of structural cracksNo; however, there is surface cracking throughout the interior pan deck metal composite stairs. These cracks shall be routed up to ¼" in depth and sealed with urethane caulk per section 3.3 of A.C.I. 224.1R-07. See pictures 4.a.3.1 and 4.a.3.2.4.b.1. Useful lifeThe useful life of floors is indeterminate as this relates to the plumbness of the floors and if there is positive drainage. The actual substrate will be included in the respective structural components as a primary S.I.R.S. component. The coating is addressed in the waterproofing section.4.b.2. PlumbnessGood4.b.3. Evidence of structural cracksNo; however, there is surface cracking throughout the interior pan deck metal composite stairs. These cracks shall be routed up to ¼" in depth and sealed with urethane caulk per section 3.3 of A.C.I. 224.1R-07. See pictures 4.b.3.1 and 4.b.3.2.4.b.2. PlumbnessGood4.c.1. Useful lifeThe useful life of floors is indeterminate as this relates to the plumbness of the floors and if there is positive drainage. The actual substrate will be included in the respective structural components as a drimary S.I.R.S. component. The coating is addressed in the waterproofing section.4.b.2. PlumbnessGood4.c.1. Useful lifeThe useful life of floors is indeterminate as this relates to the plumbness of the floors and if there is positive drainage. The actual substrate will be included in the respective structural components as a primary S.I.R.S. component. The coating is addressed in the waterproofing section.4.c.2. PlumbnessGood4.c.2. PlumbnessGood4.c.2. PlumbnessGood	4.a.2. Plumbness	Good
the interior pan deck metal composite stairs. These cracks shall be routed up to %" in depth and sealed with urethane callk per section 3.3 of A.C.I. 224.1R-07. See pictures 4.a.3.1 and 4.a.3.2.4.b. 1. Useful lifeThe useful life for floors is indeterminate as this relates to the plumbness of the floors and if there is positive drainage. The actual substrate will be included in the respective structural components as a primary S.I.R.S. component. The coating is addressed in the waterproofing section.4.b.2. PlumbnessGood4.b.3. Evidence of structural cracksNo; however, there is surface cracking throughout the interior pan deck metal composite stairs. These cracks shall be routed up to %" in depth and sealed with urethane callk per section 3.3 of A.C.I. 224.1R-07. See pictures 4.b.3.1 and 4.b.3.2.4.c.1. Useful lifeThe useful life for floors is indeterminate as this relates to the plumbness of the floors and if there is positive drainage. The actual substrate will be included in the respective structural components as a driessed in the waterproofing section.4.c.1. Useful lifeThe useful life for floors is indeterminate as this relates to the plumbness of the floors and if there is positive drainage. The actual substrate will be included in the respective structural components as a primary S.I.R.S. component. The coating is addressed in the waterproofing section.4.c.2. PlumbnessGood4.c.2. PlumbnessGood	4.a.3. Evidence of structural cracks	No; however, there is surface cracking throughout
cracks shall be routed up to %" in depth and sealed with urethane caulk per section 3.3 of A.C.I. 224.1R-07. See pictures 4.a.3.1 and 4.a.3.2.4.b. 5059 N A1A(Building B)4.b.1. Useful lifeThe useful life for floors is indeterminate as this relates to the plumbness of the floors and if there is positive drainage. The actual substrate will be included in the respective structural components as a primary S.I.R.S. component. The coating is addressed in the waterproofing section.4.b.2. PlumbnessGood4.b.3. Evidence of structural cracksNo; however, there is surface cracking throughout the interior pan deck metal composite stairs. These cracks shall be routed up to %" in depth and sealed with urethane caulk per section 3.3 of A.C.I. 224.1R-07. See pictures 4.b.3.1 and 4.b.3.2.4.c. 5055 N A1AEvidence4.c. 1. Useful lifeThe useful life for floors is indeterminate as this relates to the plumbness of the floors and if there is positive drainage. The actual substrate will be included in the respective structural component. The useful life for floors is indeterminate as this relates to the plumbness of the floors and if there is positive drainage. The actual substrate will be included in the respective structural components as a primary S.I.R.S. component. The coating is addressed in the waterproofing section.4.c.2. PlumbnessGood4.c.2. PlumbnessGood		the interior pan deck metal composite stairs. These
with urethane caulk per section 3.3 of A.C.I. 224.1R-07. See pictures 4.a.3.1 and 4.a.3.2.4.b. 5059 N A1A (Building B)4.b.1. Useful lifeThe useful life for floors is indeterminate as this relates to the plumbness of the floors and if there is positive drainage. The actual substrate will be included in the respective structural components as a primary S.I.R.S. component. The coating is addressed in the waterproofing section.4.b.2. PlumbnessGood4.b.3. Evidence of structural cracksNo; however, there is surface cracking throughout the interior pan deck metal composite stairs. These cracks shall be routed up to %" in depth and sealed with urethane caulk per section 3.3 of A.C.I. 224.1R-07. See pictures 4.b.3.1 and 4.b.3.2.4.c.1. Useful lifeThe useful life for floors is indeterminate as this relates to the plumbness of the floors and if there is positive drainage. The actual substrate will be included in the respective structural cracks4.c.1. Useful lifeThe useful life for floors is indeterminate as this relates to the plumbness of the floors and if there is positive drainage. The actual substrate will be included in the respective structural components as a primary S.I.R.S. component. The coating is a addressed in the waterproofing section.4.c.2. PlumbnessGood		cracks shall be routed up to ¼" in depth and sealed
224.1R-07. See pictures 4.a.3.1 and 4.a.3.2.4.b. 5059 N A1A (Building B)4.b.1. Useful lifeThe useful life for floors is indeterminate as this relates to the plumbness of the floors and if there is positive drainage. The actual substrate will be included in the respective structural components as a primary S.I.R.S. component. The coating is addressed in the waterproofing section.4.b.2. PlumbnessGood4.b.3. Evidence of structural cracksNo; however, there is surface cracking throughout the interior pan deck metal composite stairs. These cracks shall be routed up to ¼" in depth and sealed with urethane caulk per section 3.3 of A.C.I. 224.1R-07. See pictures 4.b.3.1 and 4.b.3.2.4.c.1. Useful lifeThe useful life for floors is indeterminate as this relates to the plumbness of the floors and if there is positive drainage. The actual substrate will be included in the respective structural components as a primary S.I.R.S. component. The coating is addressed in the waterproofing section.4.c.2. PlumbnessGood4.c.2. PlumbnessGood		with urethane caulk per section 3.3 of A.C.I.
4.b. 5059 N A1A (Building B)4.b.1. Useful lifeThe useful life for floors is indeterminate as this relates to the plumbness of the floors and if there is positive drainage. The actual substrate will be included in the respective structural components as a primary S.I.R.S. component. The coating is addressed in the waterproofing section.4.b.2. PlumbnessGood4.b.3. Evidence of structural cracksNo; however, there is surface cracking throughout the interior pan deck metal composite stars. These cracks shall be routed up to ¼" in depth and sealed with urethane caulk per section 3.3 of A.C.I. 224.1R-07. See pictures 4.b.3.1 and 4.b.3.2.4.c.1. Useful lifeThe useful life for floors is indeterminate as this relates to the plumbness of the floors and if there is positive drainage. The actual substrate will be included in the respective structural components as a primary S.I.R.S. component. The coating is addressed in the waterproofing section.4.c.2. PlumbnessGood4.c.2. PlumbnessGood		224.1R-07. See pictures 4.a.3.1 and 4.a.3.2.
4.b.1. Useful lifeThe useful life for floors is indeterminate as this relates to the plumbness of the floors and if there is positive drainage. The actual substrate will be included in the respective structural components as a primary S.I.R.S. component. The coating is addressed in the waterproofing section.4.b.2. PlumbnessGood4.b.3. Evidence of structural cracksNo; however, there is surface cracking throughout the interior pan deck metal composite stairs. These cracks shall be routed up to ¼" in depth and sealed with urethane caulk per section 3.3 of A.C.I. 224.1R-07. See pictures 4.b.3.1 and 4.b.3.2.4.c.1. Useful lifeThe useful life for floors is indeterminate as this relates to the plumbness of the floors and if there is positive drainage. The actual substrate will be included in the respective structural components as a primary S.I.R.S. component. The coating is addressed in the waterproofing section.4.c.2. PlumbnessGood4.c.2. PlumbnessGood4.c.3. Evidence of structural cracksNo	4.b. 5059 N A1A	(Building B)
relates to the plumbness of the floors and if there is positive drainage. The actual substrate will be included in the respective structural components as a primary S.I.R.S. component. The coating is addressed in the waterproofing section.4.b.2. PlumbnessGood4.b.3. Evidence of structural cracksNo; however, there is surface cracking throughout the interior pan deck metal composite stairs. These cracks shall be routed up to ¼" in depth and sealed with urethane caulk per section 3.3 of A.C.I. 224.1R-07. See pictures 4.b.3.1 and 4.b.3.2.4.c.1. Useful lifeThe useful life for floors is indeterminate as this relates to the plumbness of the floors and if there is positive drainage. The actual substrate will be included in the respective structural components as a primary S.I.R.S. component. The coating is addressed in the waterproofing section.4.c.2. PlumbnessGood	4.b.1. Useful life	The useful life for floors is indeterminate as this
positive drainage. The actual substrate will be included in the respective structural components as a primary S.I.R.S. component. The coating is addressed in the waterproofing section.4.b.2. PlumbnessGood4.b.3. Evidence of structural cracksNo; however, there is surface cracking throughout the interior pan deck metal composite stairs. These cracks shall be routed up to ¼" in depth and sealed with urethane caulk per section 3.3 of A.C.I. 224.1R-07. See pictures 4.b.3.1 and 4.b.3.2.4.c.1. Useful lifeThe useful life for floors is indeterminate as this relates to the plumbness of the floors and if there is positive drainage. The actual substrate will be included in the respective structural components as a primary S.I.R.S. component. The coating is addressed in the waterproofing section.4.c.2. PlumbnessGood4.c.3. Evidence of structural cracksNo		relates to the plumbness of the floors and if there is
included in the respective structural components as a primary S.I.R.S. component. The coating is addressed in the waterproofing section.4.b.2. PlumbnessGood4.b.3. Evidence of structural cracksNo; however, there is surface cracking throughout the interior pan deck metal composite stairs. These cracks shall be routed up to ¼" in depth and sealed with urethane caulk per section 3.3 of A.C.I. 224.1R-07. See pictures 4.b.3.1 and 4.b.3.2.4.c.1. Useful lifeThe useful life for floors is indeterminate as this relates to the plumbness of the floors and if there is positive drainage. The actual substrate will be included in the respective structural components as a primary S.I.R.S. component. The coating is addressed in the waterproofing section.4.c.2. PlumbnessGood4.c.3. Evidence of structural cracksNo		positive drainage. The actual substrate will be
a primary S.I.R.S. component. The coating is addressed in the waterproofing section.4.b.2. PlumbnessGood4.b.3. Evidence of structural cracksNo; however, there is surface cracking throughout the interior pan deck metal composite stairs. These cracks shall be routed up to ¼" in depth and sealed with urethane caulk per section 3.3 of A.C.I. 224.1R-07. See pictures 4.b.3.1 and 4.b.3.2.4.c.1. Useful lifeThe useful life for floors is indeterminate as this relates to the plumbness of the floors and if there is positive drainage. The actual substrate will be included in the respective structural components as a primary S.I.R.S. component. The coating is addressed in the waterproofing section.4.c.2. PlumbnessGood4.c.3. Evidence of structural cracksNo		included in the respective structural components as
addressed in the waterproofing section.4.b.2. PlumbnessGood4.b.3. Evidence of structural cracksNo; however, there is surface cracking throughout the interior pan deck metal composite stairs. These cracks shall be routed up to %" in depth and sealed with urethane caulk per section 3.3 of A.C.I. 224.1R-07. See pictures 4.b.3.1 and 4.b.3.2.4.c.1. Useful lifeThe useful life for floors is indeterminate as this relates to the plumbness of the floors and if there is positive drainage. The actual substrate will be included in the respective structural components as a primary S.I.R.S. component. The coating is addressed in the waterproofing section.4.c.2. PlumbnessGood4.c.3. Evidence of structural cracksNo		a primary S.I.R.S. component. The coating is
4.b.2. PlumbnessGood4.b.3. Evidence of structural cracksNo; however, there is surface cracking throughout the interior pan deck metal composite stairs. These cracks shall be routed up to ¼" in depth and sealed with urethane caulk per section 3.3 of A.C.I. 224.1R-07. See pictures 4.b.3.1 and 4.b.3.2.A.c. 5055 N A1ABuilding C)4.c.1. Useful lifeThe useful life for floors is indeterminate as this relates to the plumbness of the floors and if there is positive drainage. The actual substrate will be included in the respective structural components as a primary S.I.R.S. component. The coating is addressed in the waterproofing section.4.c.2. PlumbnessGood4.c.3. Evidence of structural cracksNo		addressed in the waterproofing section.
4.b.3. Evidence of structural cracksNo; however, there is surface cracking throughout the interior pan deck metal composite stairs. These cracks shall be routed up to ¼" in depth and sealed with urethane caulk per section 3.3 of A.C.I. 224.1R-07. See pictures 4.b.3.1 and 4.b.3.2.4.c.1. Useful lifeThe useful life for floors is indeterminate as this relates to the plumbness of the floors and if there is positive drainage. The actual substrate will be included in the respective structural components as a primary S.I.R.S. component. The coating is addressed in the waterproofing section.4.c.2. PlumbnessGood4.c.3. Evidence of structural cracksNo	4.b.2. Plumbness	Good
the interior pan deck metal composite stairs. These cracks shall be routed up to ¼" in depth and sealed with urethane caulk per section 3.3 of A.C.I. 224.1R-07. See pictures 4.b.3.1 and 4.b.3.2.4.c.1. Useful lifeThe useful life for floors is indeterminate as this relates to the plumbness of the floors and if there is positive drainage. The actual substrate will be included in the respective structural components as a primary S.I.R.S. component. The coating is addressed in the waterproofing section.4.c.2. PlumbnessGood4.c.3. Evidence of structural cracksNo	4.b.3. Evidence of structural cracks	No; however, there is surface cracking throughout
cracks shall be routed up to ¼" in depth and sealed with urethane caulk per section 3.3 of A.C.I. 224.1R-07. See pictures 4.b.3.1 and 4.b.3.2.4.c.1. Useful lifeThe useful life for floors is indeterminate as this relates to the plumbness of the floors and if there is positive drainage. The actual substrate will be included in the respective structural components as a primary S.I.R.S. component. The coating is addressed in the waterproofing section.4.c.2. PlumbnessGood4.c.3. Evidence of structural cracksNo		the interior pan deck metal composite stairs. These
with urethane caulk per section 3.3 of A.C.I. 224.1R-07. See pictures 4.b.3.1 and 4.b.3.2.4.c.1. Useful lifeThe useful life for floors is indeterminate as this relates to the plumbness of the floors and if there is positive drainage. The actual substrate will be included in the respective structural components as a primary S.I.R.S. component. The coating is addressed in the waterproofing section.4.c.2. PlumbnessGood4.c.3. Evidence of structural cracksNo		cracks shall be routed up to ¼" in depth and sealed
224.1R-07. See pictures 4.b.3.1 and 4.b.3.2.4.c. 5055 N A1A (Building C)4.c.1. Useful lifeThe useful life for floors is indeterminate as this relates to the plumbness of the floors and if there is positive drainage. The actual substrate will be included in the respective structural components as a primary S.I.R.S. component. The coating is addressed in the waterproofing section.4.c.2. PlumbnessGood4.c.3. Evidence of structural cracksNo		with urethane caulk per section 3.3 of A.C.I.
4.c. 5055 N A1A (Building C)4.c.1. Useful lifeThe useful life for floors is indeterminate as this relates to the plumbness of the floors and if there is positive drainage. The actual substrate will be included in the respective structural components as a primary S.I.R.S. component. The coating is addressed in the waterproofing section.4.c.2. PlumbnessGood4.c.3. Evidence of structural cracksNo		224.1R-07. See pictures 4.b.3.1 and 4.b.3.2.
4.c.1. Useful lifeThe useful life for floors is indeterminate as this relates to the plumbness of the floors and if there is positive drainage. The actual substrate will be included in the respective structural components as a primary S.I.R.S. component. The coating is addressed in the waterproofing section.4.c.2. PlumbnessGood4.c.3. Evidence of structural cracksNo	4.c. 5055 N A1A (Building C)	
relates to the plumbness of the floors and if there is positive drainage. The actual substrate will be included in the respective structural components as a primary S.I.R.S. component. The coating is addressed in the waterproofing section.4.c.2. PlumbnessGood4.c.3. Evidence of structural cracksNo	4.c.1. Useful life	The useful life for floors is indeterminate as this
positive drainage. The actual substrate will be included in the respective structural components as a primary S.I.R.S. component. The coating is addressed in the waterproofing section.4.c.2. PlumbnessGood4.c.3. Evidence of structural cracksNo		relates to the plumbness of the floors and if there is
included in the respective structural components as a primary S.I.R.S. component. The coating is addressed in the waterproofing section.4.c.2. PlumbnessGood4.c.3. Evidence of structural cracksNo		positive drainage. The actual substrate will be
a primary S.I.R.S. component. The coating is addressed in the waterproofing section.4.c.2. PlumbnessGood4.c.3. Evidence of structural cracksNo		included in the respective structural components as
addressed in the waterproofing section.4.c.2. PlumbnessGood4.c.3. Evidence of structural cracksNo		a primary S.I.R.S. component. The coating is
4.c.2. PlumbnessGood4.c.3. Evidence of structural cracksNo		addressed in the waterproofing section.
4.c.3. Evidence of structural cracks No	4.c.2. Plumbness	Good
	4.c.3. Evidence of structural cracks	No

![](_page_66_Picture_0.jpeg)

![](_page_66_Picture_1.jpeg)

![](_page_67_Picture_0.jpeg)

![](_page_67_Picture_1.jpeg)

![](_page_68_Picture_0.jpeg)

![](_page_68_Picture_1.jpeg)

![](_page_69_Picture_0.jpeg)

![](_page_69_Picture_1.jpeg)

![](_page_70_Picture_0.jpeg)

5. Foundations – No	on-S.I.R.S. Component
Applicable code(s): 2020 Florida	Building Code (F.B.C.) Building
5.a. 5061 N A1A	(Building A)
5.a.1. Useful life	The useful life for building foundations is
	indeterminate as the foundation is designed to last
	for as long as the building structure. Conditions that
	will cause the foundation to crack/deteriorate are if
	the soil wasn't adequately compacted to 98%
	modified, which will cause settlement that will
	require underpinning, pressure grout injection or
	other type of foundation repair.
5.a.2. Signs of differential shear	No
5.a.3. Is wood in contact or near the soil?	No
5.a.4. Is water drained away from the foundation?	Yes
5.b. 5059 N A1A (Building B)	
5.a.1. Useful life	The useful life for building foundations is
	indeterminate as the foundation is designed to last
	for as long as the building structure. Conditions that
	will cause the foundation to crack/deteriorate are if
	the soil wasn't adequately compacted to 98%
	modified, which will cause settlement that will
	require underpinning, pressure grout injection or
	other type of foundation repair.
5.a.2. Signs of differential shear	No
5.a.3. Is wood in contact or near the soil?	No
5.a.4. Is water drained away from the foundation?	Yes
5.c. 5055 N A1A	(Building C)
5.a.1. Useful life	The useful life for building foundations is
	indeterminate as the foundation is designed to last
	for as long as the building structure. Conditions that
	will cause the foundation to crack/deteriorate are if
	the soil wasn't adequately compacted to 98%
	modified, which will cause settlement that will
	require underpinning, pressure grout injection or
	other type of foundation repair.
5.a.2. Signs of differential shear	No
5.a.3. Is wood in contact or near the soil?	No
5.a.4. Is water drained away from the foundation?	Yes

![](_page_71_Picture_0.jpeg)

6. Plumbing – S	.I.R.S. Component
Applicable code(s): 2020 Florida I	Building Code (F.B.C.) Plumbing
6.a. 5061 N A14	A (Building A)
6.a.1. Water fountain	Water fountain in game room in good condition.
6.a.2. Water fountain useful life	10 years
6.a.3. Water fountain remaining useful life	4 years
6.a.4. Water fountain replacement cost	\$1,510
6.a.5. Domestic water connections	Domestic water connections in good condition with no signs of leaking. See picture 6.a.5.1.
6.a.6. Sanitary pipes condition	The sanitary stacks and branch mains appear to be in good condition.
6.a.7. Water heater condition	Note that this is a cost that belongs to the unit owners and will not be included in the reserve funding. The overall condition of the water heaters is good but varies based on the last time they have been replaced.
6.a.8. Water heater useful life	7 years
6.a.9. Water heater replacement cost	\$1,750
6.a.10. Useful life for domestic water system	This is indeterminate as plumbing systems can last up to 70-80 years and not necessarily required to be fully replaced and a timeline for a potential re- piping of a building is too unpredictable for accurate reserve funding; however, the systems shall be properly maintained. Valves, fittings, and gages shall be replaced every 5-7 years and regularly inspected.
6.a.11. Signs of water staining in units due to broken fittings	No
6.b. 5059 N A14	A (Building B)
6.b.1. Water fountain	Water fountain in game room in good condition.
6.b.2. Water fountain useful life	10 years
6.b.3. Water fountain remaining useful life	4 years
6.b.4. Water fountain replacement cost	\$1,510
6.b.5. Domestic water connections	Domestic water connections in good condition with no signs of leaking. See picture 6.b.5.1.
6.b.6. Sanitary pipes condition	The sanitary stacks and branch mains appear to be in good condition.
6.b.7. Water heater condition	Note that this is a cost that belongs to the unit owners and will not be included in the reserve funding. The overall condition of the water heaters is good but varies based on the last time they have been replaced.


6.b.8. Water heater useful life	7 years
6.b.9. Water heater replacement cost	\$1,750
6.b.10. Useful life for domestic water system	This is indeterminate as plumbing systems can last up to 70-80 years and not necessarily required to be fully replaced and a timeline for a potential re- piping of a building is too unpredictable for accurate reserve funding; however, the systems shall be properly maintained. Valves, fittings, and gages shall be replaced every 5-7 years and regularly inspected.
fittings	
6.c. 5055 N A14	A (Building C)
6.c.1. Water fountain	Water fountain in game room in good condition. See picture 6.c.1.1
6.c.2. Water fountain useful life	10 years
6.c.3. Water fountain remaining useful life	4 years
6.c.4. Water fountain replacement cost	\$1,510
6.c.5. Domestic water connections	Domestic water connections in good condition with no signs of leaking.
6.c.6. Sanitary pipes condition	The sanitary stacks and branch mains appear to be in good condition.
6.c.7. Water heater condition	Note that this is a cost that belongs to the unit owners and will not be included in the reserve funding. The overall condition of the water heaters is good but varies based on the last time they have been replaced.
6.c.8. Water heater useful life	7 years
6.c.9. Water heater replacement cost	\$1,750
6.c.10. Useful life for domestic water system	This is indeterminate as plumbing systems can last up to 70-80 years and not necessarily required to be fully replaced and a timeline for a potential re- piping of a building is too unpredictable for accurate reserve funding; however, the systems shall be properly maintained. Valves, fittings, and gages shall be replaced every 5-7 years and regularly inspected.
6.c.11. Signs of water staining in units due to broken	No
A Common Aroos	
6.d.1. Lift station	The lift station is showing signs of oxidation to all fittings, valves, and pipes. The concrete lift station



	The 4" ductile iron pipe is oxidized along with the
	valves. Recommend to get the lift station
	serviced/inspected and perform any preventative
	maintenance as necessary. See picture 6.d.1.1.
	6.d.1.2, and 6.d.1.3. See picture 6.d.1.4 for original
	design
6.a.2. Lift station useful life	50 years
6.a.3. Lift station remaining useful life	11 years
6.a.4. Lift station replacement cost. Includes	\$211.245
replacement of concrete wetwell, plumbing, and	
electrical components	
6.d.5. Master meter condition	Master meter is provided to prevent pollutants
	from entering the primary water main. There is
	oxidation/deterioration to the cap screws.
	bushings, disc screws, and seat rings. Recommend
	dissembling/replacing the above referenced
	components and check valves should be replaced
	every 5-7 years; however, this assembly shall be
	inspected on a regular basis. See pictures 6.d.5.1
	and 6.d.5.2.
6.d.6. Master meter useful life	50 years
6.d.7. Master meter remaining useful life	11 years
6.d.8. Primary backflow preventor replacement cost.	\$95,000
Excludes the cost of the meter replacement which is	
owned by the municipality. Includes the cost of	
isolating system with gate valves. If a line stop is	
required, that will be additional. It is to be noted there	
is replacement work/modernization by the local	
municipality to be performed that will affect this cost.	
6.d.9. Storage tank condition	The 25,000 gallon steel storage tank for fire reserve
	is in overall fair condition. The 150# flange with
	schedule 40 steel pipe to the fire pumps is
	deteriorating. The components and fittings look to
	be regularly replaced; however, it is recommended
	to replace the flange, steel pipe and connection to
	the fire pump. See pictures 6.d.9.1 and 6.d.9.2.
6.d.10. Storage tank useful life	36 years
6.d.11. Storage tank remaining life	0
6.d.11. Storage tank refurbishment cost. The tank does	\$35,000
need to be replaced although it is past it's useful life.	
The repair/refurbishment of tank and components is	





















Picture 6.d.1.2





Picture 6.d.1.3





Picture 6.d.1.4









Picture 6.d.5.2









Picture 6.d.9.2



7. Fire Protection Systems – S.I.R.S. Component		
Applicable code(s): National Fire Protection Association (N.F.P.A.) 25 2023 and N.F.P.A. 72 2022		
7.a. 5061 N A1A	(Building A)	
7.a.1. Fire alarm control panel (FACP)	The fire alarm system is an Edwards EST2 Fire Alarm	
	System with Silent Knight Model 5104B Fire	
	Communicator. This is a digital transmission type.	
	See pictures 7.a.1.1 and 7.a.1.2.	
7.a.2. Alarm indicating devices	(20) manual stations	
	(51) heat detectors	
7.a.3. Alarm notification appliances	(22) strobe	
	(52) speakers	
7.a.4. Fire alarm system condition	Fire alarm panel, cellular alarm communicator and	
	device are in need of servicing as voice evac panel	
	did not function properly. The last inspection was	
	08/21/2023. Some of the speakers, strobes, and	
	pull stations failed are being corrected.	
7.a.5. Fire alarm system modernization useful life	20 years	
7.a.6. Fire alarm system modernization remaining life	8 years	
7.a.7. Fire alarm system modernization cost. Note, the	\$458.29 (fire alarm communicator) + \$1,905 (fire	
Silent Knight 5104B fire alarm communicator is no	alarm control panel) + (20 manual stations x	
longer manufactured and the Fire-Lite 411UDAC is to	\$644/station) + 51 heat detectors x \$795/detector)	
be used.	= \$55,788.29	
7.a.8. Fire extinguishers	Fire extinguishers are in good condition and	
	properly inspected every year. See picture 7.a.8.1.	
7.a.9. Smoke detectors	The condo units have smoke detectors in good	
	condition and working order. See picture 7.a.9.1.	
7.a.10. Fire protection system – sprinkler system	This building is not fully fire sprinklered and only	
	the common areas and storage rooms are fire	
	sprinklered. The sprinkler heads are in good	
	condition with no signs of debris or other	
	deterioration. There is an appropriate amount of	
	spare sprinkler heads on site. See picture 7.a.10.1.	
7.a.11. Fire hose cabinet	Fire hose cabinets located at each floor are in good	
	condition. See picture 7.a.11.1.	
7.a.12. Fire sprinkler useful life	25 years	
7.a.13. Fire sprinkler remaining life	6 years	
7.a.14. Fire sprinkler replacement cost	400 S.F. x \$8.10/S.F. = \$3,240	
7.b. 5059 N A1A (Building B)		
7.b.1. Fire alarm control panel (FACP)	The fire alarm system is an Edwards EST2 Fire Alarm	
	System with Silent Knight Model 5104B Fire	
	Communicator. This is a digital transmission type.	
	See pictures 7.b.1.1 and 7.b.1.2.	



7.b.2. Alarm indicating devices	(20) manual stations	
	(51) heat detectors	
7.b.3. Alarm notification appliances	(22) strobe	
	(52) speakers	
7.b.4. Fire alarm system condition	Fire alarm panel, cellular alarm communicator and	
	device are in need of servicing as voice evac panel	
	did not function properly. The last inspection was	
	08/21/2023. Some of the speakers, strobes, and	
	pull stations failed are being corrected.	
7.b.5. Fire alarm system modernization useful life	20 years	
7.b.6. Fire alarm system modernization remaining life	8 years	
7.b.7. Fire alarm system modernization cost. Note, the	\$458.29 (fire alarm communicator) + \$1,905 (fire	
Silent Knight 5104B fire alarm communicator is no	alarm control panel) + (20 manual stations x	
longer manufactured and the Fire-Lite 411UDAC is to	\$644/station) + 51 heat detectors x \$795/detector)	
be used.	= \$55,788.29	
7.b.8. Fire extinguishers	Fire extinguishers are in good condition and	
	properly inspected. Fire extinguishers are inspected	
	once a year. See picture 7.b.8.1.	
7.b.9. Smoke detectors	The condo units have smoke detectors in good	
	condition and working order. See picture 7.b.9.1.	
7.b.10. Fire protection system – sprinkler system	This building is not fully fire sprinklered and only	
	the common areas and storage rooms are fire	
	sprinklered. The sprinkler heads are in good	
	condition with no signs of debris or other	
	deterioration. There is an appropriate amount of	
	spare sprinkler heads on site. See pictures 7.b.10.1	
	and 7.b.10.2.	
7.b.11. Fire hose cabinet	Fire hose cabinets located at each floor are in good	
	condition. See picture 7.b.11.1.	
7.b.12. Fire sprinkler useful life	25 years	
7.b.13. Fire sprinkler remaining life	6 years	
7.b.14. Fire sprinkler replacement cost	400 S.F. x \$8.10/S.F. = \$3,240	
7.c. 5055 N A1A (Building C)		
7.c.1. Fire alarm control panel (FACP)	The fire alarm system is an Edwards EST2 Fire Alarm	
	System with Silent Knight Model 5104B Fire	
	Communicator. This is a digital transmission type.	
	See pictures 7.c.1.1 and 7.c.1.2.	
7.c.2. Alarm indicating devices	(20) manual stations	
	(51) heat detectors	
7.c.3. Alarm notification appliances	(22) strobe	
	(52) speakers	



7.c.4. Fire alarm system condition	Fire alarm panel, cellular alarm communicator and
	device are in need of servicing as voice evac panel
	did not function properly. The last inspection was
	08/21/2023. Some of the speakers, strobes, and
	pull stations failed are being corrected.
7.c.5. Fire alarm system modernization useful life	20 years
7.c.6. Fire alarm system modernization remaining life	8 years
7.c.7. Fire alarm system modernization cost. Note, the	\$458.29 (fire alarm communicator) + \$1,905 (fire
Silent Knight 5104B fire alarm communicator is no	alarm control panel) + (20 manual stations x
longer manufactured and the Fire-Lite 411UDAC is to	\$644/station) + (51 heat detectors x \$795/detector)
be used.	= \$55,788.29
7.c.8. Fire extinguishers	Fire extinguishers are in good condition and
	properly inspected. Fire extinguishers are inspected
	once a year. See picture 7.c.8.1.
7.c.9. Smoke detectors	The condo units have smoke detectors in good
	condition and working order. See picture 7.c.9.1.
7.c.10. Fire protection system – sprinkler system	This building is fully fire sprinklered throughout,
	including all interior units. The sprinkler heads are
	in good condition with no signs of debris or other
	deterioration. There is an appropriate amount of
	spare sprinkler heads on site. See pictures 7.c.10.1
	and 7.c.10.2.
7.c.11. Fire hose cabinet	Fire hose cabinets located at each floor are in good
	condition. See picture 7.c.11.1.
7.c.12. Fire sprinkler useful life	25 years
7.c.13. Fire sprinkler remaining life	6 years
7.c.14. Fire sprinkler replacement cost	102,600 S.F. x \$3.65 = \$374,490
7.d. Comm	on Areas
7.d.1. Fire pump controller	Fire pump controller is a Tornatech GPA electric fire
	pump controller in good condition. The fire pump
	controller was replaced in 2020. See picture 7.d.1.1.
7.d.2. Fire pump controller useful life	20 years
7.d.3. Fire pump controller remaining useful life	17 years
7.d.4. Fire pump system	Fire pump system and motors appear to be in fair
	condition with minor corrosion present. Fire lines
	are properly energized with acceptable pressures.
	See pictures 7.d.4.1 and 7.d.4.2.
7.d.5. Fire pump system useful life	25 years
7.d.6. Fire pump system remaining life	10 years
7.d.7. Fire pump system replacement cost	\$48,500
7.d.8. Fire extinguishers	Fire extinguishers are in good condition and
	properly inspected. See picture 7.d.8.1.





















Picture 7.a.10.1

























Picture 7.b.10.1












































Picture 7.d.4.1







8. Waterproofing and Exterior Paint – S.I.R.S components	
Applicable code(s): 2020 Florida	Building Code (F.B.C.) Building
8.a. 5061 N A1A	A (Building A)
8.a.1. Waterproofing condition	The waterproofing coating of the catwalks is an acrylic type waterproofing coating. The coating is in good overall condition. See pictures 8.a.1.1 and 8.a.1.2. Note that the waterproofing finish is the same at the units and there is no tile permitted on the resident balconies to not allow for water entering under respective finish. Catwalks were last resurfaced in 2022.
8.a.2. Waterproofing thickness	A positector 200D determined the dry mil thickness of the base coat is approximately 23.0 mils, secondary coat of 6.4 mils and the top coating 5.7 mils. The recoating of walkway surfaces includes the removal of top coating and reapplying a new coating of acrylic waterproofing. See picture 8.a.2.1
8.a.3. Waterproofing reseal useful life	3 years
8.a.4. Waterproofing reseal remaining useful life	2 years
8.a.5. Waterproofing recoating cost	12,806 S.F x \$4/S.F. = \$51,224
8.a.6. Waterproofing resurfacing useful life	12 years
8.a.7. Waterproofing resurfacing remaining useful life	11 years
8.a.8. Waterproofing resurfacing cost	12,806 S.F x \$11.54/S.F. = \$147,781.24
8.a.9. Paint condition – exterior building surfaces	Paint is in fair overall condition. There are a few areas with paint discoloration and paint/stucco surfaces that need to be patched. Painting of the building was last performed in 2018. See pictures 8.a.9.1 and 8.a.9.2.
8.a.10. Paint – Exterior building surfaces – useful life	8 years
8.a.11. Paint – Exterior building surfaces – remaining useful life	3 years
8.a.12. Millage	A positector 200D was used to determine the thickness of paint. The paint thickness is approximately 17.2 mils, with approximately 12.1 mils and 18.4 mils in the previous (2) paint applications. The typical dry mil thickness of exterior paint is 4 mils, indicating the previous applications of paint were acceptable. See picture 8.a.12.1.
8.a.13. Exterior building surfaces repaint cost	53,512 S.F. X \$2.12 X \$227,052 Good overall condition See nictures 8 = 14.1 and
o.a.14. Paint condition – Aldininum Tallings	8.a.14.2.



8.a.15. Paint – Aluminum balcony railings – paint useful	8 years
life	
8.a.16. Paint – Aluminum balcony railings – paint	6 years
remaining useful life	
8.a.17. Paint – Aluminum balcony railings – repaint cost	2,530 L.F. x \$3/L.F. = \$7,590
8.a.18. Paint condition – Precast concrete railings	Good overall condition. See pictures 8.a.18.1
8.a.19. Paint – Precast concrete railings – paint useful	8 years
life	
8.a.20. Paint – Precast concrete railings – paint	6 years
remaining useful life	
8.a.21. Paint – Precast concrete railings – repaint cost	3,558 L.F. x \$3/L.F. = \$10,674
8.b. 5059 N A1A	(Building B)
8.b.1. Waterproofing condition	The waterproofing coating of the catwalks is an
	acrylic type waterproofing coating. The coating is in
	good overall condition. See picture 8.b.1.1. Note
	that the waterproofing finish is the same at the
	units and there is no tile permitted on the resident
	balconies to not allow for water entering under
	respective finish. Catwalks were last resurfaced in
	2022.
8.b.2. Waterproofing thickness	A positector 200D determined the dry mil thickness
	of the base coat is approximately 65.9 mils,
	secondary coat of 12.7 mils and the top coating 4.4
	mils. The recoating of walkway surfaces includes
	the removal of top coating and reapplying a new
	coating of acrylic waterproofing. See picture 8.b.2.1
8.b.3. Waterproofing reseal useful life	3 years
8.b.4. Waterproofing reseal remaining useful life	2 years
8.b.5. Waterproofing recoating cost	12,806 S.F x \$4/S.F. = \$51,224
8.b.6. Waterproofing resurfacing useful life	12 years
8.b.7. Waterproofing resurfacing remaining useful life	11 years
8.b.8. Waterproofing resurfacing cost	12,806 S.F x \$11.54/S.F. = \$147,781.24
8.b.9. Paint condition – Exterior building surfaces	Paint is in fair overall condition. There are a few
	areas with paint discoloration and paint/stucco
	surfaces that need to be patched. Painting of the
	building was last performed in 2018. See pictures
	8.b.9.1 and 8.b.9.2.
8.b.10. Paint – Exterior building surfaces – useful life	8 years
8.b.11. Paint – Exterior building surfaces – remaining	3 years
useful life	
8.b.12. Millage	A positector 200D was used to determine the
_	thickness of paint. The paint thickness is



	approximately 19 mils, with approximately 4.6 mils	
	and 15.4 mils in the previous (2) paint applications.	
	The typical dry mil thickness of exterior paint is 4	
	mils, indicating the previous applications of paint	
	were acceptable. See picture 8.b.12.1.	
8.b.13. Exterior building surfaces repaint cost	59,512 S.F. x \$2.12 x \$227,052	
8.b.14. Paint condition – Aluminum balcony railings	Good overall condition. See pictures 8.b.14.1 and	
	8.b.14.2.	
8.b.15. Paint – Aluminum balcony railings – useful life	8 years	
8.b.16. Paint – Aluminum balcony railings – remaining	b years	
useful life		
8.b.17. Paint – Aluminum balcony railings – repaint cost	2,530 L.F. x \$3/L.F. = \$7,590	
8.b.18. Paint condition – Precast concrete railings	Good overall condition. See pictures 8.b.18.1	
8.b.19. Paint – Precast concrete railings – paint useful	8 years	
life		
8.b.20. Paint – Precast concrete railings – paint	6 years	
remaining useful life		
8.b.21. Paint – Precast concrete railings – repaint cost	3,558 L.F. x \$3/L.F. = \$10,674	
8.b. 5055 N A14	(Building C)	
8.c.1. Waterproofing condition	The waterproofing coating of the catwalks is an	
	acrylic type waterproofing coating. The coating is in	
	good overall condition. See picture 8.c.1.1. Note	
	that the waterproofing finish is the same at the	
	units and there is no tile permitted on the resident	
	balconies to not allow for water entering under	
	respective finish. Catwalks were last resurfaced in	
	2022.	
8.c.2. Waterproofing thickness	A positector 200D determined the dry mil thickness	
	of the base coat is approximately 91.2 mils,	
	secondary coat of 4.2 mils and the top coating 4.5	
	mils. The recoating of walkway surfaces includes	
	the removal of top coating and reapplying a new	
	coating of acrylic waterproofing. See picture 8.c.2.1	
8.c.3. Waterproofing reseal useful life	3 years	
8.c.4. Waterproofing reseal remaining useful life	2 years	
8.c.5. Waterproofing recoating cost	12,806 S.F x \$4/S.F. = \$51,224	
8.c.6. Waterproofing resurfacing useful life	12 years	
8.c.7. Waterproofing resurfacing remaining useful life	11 years	
8.c.8. Waterproofing resurfacing cost	12,806 S.F x \$11.54/S.F. = \$147,781.24	
8.c.9. Paint condition – exterior building surfaces	Paint is in fair overall condition. There are a few	
	areas with paint discoloration and paint/stucco	
	surfaces that need to be patched. Painting of the	



	building was last performed in 2018. See picture
	8.c.9.1.
8.c.10. Paint – Exterior building surfaces – useful life	8 years
8.c.11. Paint – Exterior building surfaces – remaining	3 years
useful life	
8.c.12. Millage	A positector 200D was used to determine the
	thickness of paint. The paint thickness is
	approximately 7.9 mils, with approximately 3.7 mils
	and 10.1 mils in the previous (2) paint applications.
	The typical dry mil thickness of exterior paint is 4
	mils, indicating the previous applications of paint
	were acceptable. See picture 8.c.12.1.
8.c.13. Exterior building surfaces repaint cost	59,512 S.F. x \$2.12 x \$227,052
8.c.14. Paint condition – Aluminum balcony railings	Good overall condition. See pictures 8.c.14.1 and
	8.c.14.2.
8.c.15. Paint – Aluminum railings – useful life	8 years
8.c.16. Paint – Aluminum railings – remaining useful life	6 years
8.c.17. Paint – Aluminum balcony railings – repaint cost	2,530 L.F. x \$3/L.F. = \$7,590
8.c.18. Paint condition – Precast concrete railings	Good overall condition. See pictures 8.c.18.1
8.c.19. Paint – Precast concrete railings – paint useful	8 years
life	
8.c.20. Paint – Precast concrete railings – paint	6 years
remaining useful life	
8.c.21. Paint – Precast concrete railings – repaint cost	3,558 L.F. x \$3/L.F. = \$10,674





























Picture 8.a.14.1

















































Picture 8.c.2.1



















9. Doors and Windows – S.I.R.S. components	
Applicable code(s): 2020 Flor	ida Building Code (F.B.C.) Building
9.a. 5061 N A1A	(Building A)
9.a.1. Utility and stairwell doors	The doors to access the stairwells and the meter
	rooms/trash rooms are solid core masonite doors.
	The doors are in overall fair condition. See picture
	9.a.1.1
9.a.2. Utility and stairwell doors useful life.	40 years
9.a.3. Utility and stairwell doors estimated remaining	1 year
life	
9.a.4. Utility and stairwell doors replacement cost	56 doors x \$1,050/door = \$58,800
9.a.5. Storefront doors	Storefront doors with sidelights and transoms at
	the entrance, game room, and elevator lobbies are
	in overall good condition. See picture 9.a.5.1
9.a.6. Storefront doors useful life.	50 years
9.a.7. Storefront doors estimated remaining life	11 years
9.a.8. Storefront doors replacement cost	490 S.F. x \$75/S.F. = \$36,750
9.a.9. Sliding glass doors condition	Sliding glass double doors at the game room in
	good overall condition. See picture 9.a.9.1.
9.a.10. Sliding glass doors useful life.	50 years
9.a.11. Sliding glass doors estimated remaining life	11 years
9.a.12. Sliding glass doors replacement cost	1 EA x \$11,400 EA = \$11,400
9.b. 5059 N A1A	(Building B)
9.b.1. Utility and stairwell doors	The doors to access the stairwells and the meter
	rooms/trash rooms are solid core masonite doors.
	The doors are in overall fair condition. See picture
	9.b.1.1
9.b.2. Utility and stairwell doors useful life.	40 years
9.b.3. Utility and stairwell doors estimated remaining	1 year
life	
9.b.4. Utility and stairwell doors replacement cost	56 doors x \$1,050/door = \$58,800
9.b.5. Storefront doors	Storefront doors with sidelights and transoms at
	the entrance, game room, and elevator lobbies are
	in overall good condition. See picture 9.b.5.1
9.b.6. Storefront doors useful life.	50 years
9.b.7. Storefront doors estimated remaining life	11 years
9.b.8. Storefront doors replacement cost	490 S.F. x \$75/S.F. = \$36,750
9.b.9. Sliding glass doors condition	Sliding glass double doors at the game room in
	good overall condition. See picture 9.b.9.1.
9.b.10. Sliding glass doors useful life.	50 years



9.b.11. Sliding glass doors estimated remaining life	11 years
9.b.12. Sliding glass doors replacement cost	1 EA x \$11,400 EA = \$11,400
9.c. 5055 N A14	(Building c)
9.c.1. Utility and stairwell doors	The doors to access the stairwells and
	the meter rooms/trash rooms are
	solid core masonite doors. The doors
	are in overall fair condition. See
	picture 9.c.1.
9.c.2. Utility and stairwell doors useful life.	40 years
9.c.3. Utility and stairwell doors estimated remaining life	6 years
9.c.4. Utility and stairwell doors replacement cost	56 doors x \$1,050/door = \$58,800
9.c.5. Storefront doors	Storefront doors with sidelights and
	transoms at the entrance, game
	room, and elevator lobbies are in
	overall good condition. See picture
	9.c.5.1
9.c.6. Storefront doors useful life.	50 years
9.c.7. Storefront doors estimated remaining life	16 years
9.c.8. Storefront doors replacement cost	490 S.F. x \$75/S.F. = \$36,750
9.c.9. Sliding glass doors condition	Sliding glass double doors at the
	game room in good overall condition.
9.c.10. Sliding glass doors useful life.	50 years
9.c.11. Sliding glass doors estimated remaining life	16 years
9.c.12. Sliding glass doors replacement cost	1 EA x \$11,400 EA = \$11,400
9.d. Commo	on Areas
9.d.1. Exterior windows	The exterior windows are the single
	hung pass through window at the
	recreation building and single hung
	horizontal slider and picture at the
	guard house. See pictures 9.d.1.1 and
	9.d.1.2.
9.d.2. Exterior windows useful life.	50 years
9.d.3. Exterior windows estimated remaining life	11 years
9.d.4. Exterior windows replacement cost	90 S.F. x \$75/S.F. = \$6,750
9.d.5. Storefront doors condition	The storefront doors with sidelights
	and transoms at the recreation
	building are in good overall condition.
9.d.6. Storefront doors useful life.	50 years
9.d.7. Storefront doors estimated remaining life	11 years
9.d.8. Common area doors and windows replacement co	st 519 S.F. x \$75/S.F. = \$38.925



9.d.9. Sliding glass doors condition	Sliding glass triple pane doors at the guard house are in good overall condition. See picture 9.d.9.1.
9.d.10. Sliding glass doors useful life.	50 years
9.d.11. Sliding glass doors estimated remaining life	11 years
9.d.12. Sliding glass doors replacement cost	2 EA x \$7,200 EA = \$14,400
9.d.13. Aluminum louvered door condition	Aluminum louvered door at the guard house are in good overall condition. See picture 9.d.13.1
9.d.14. Aluminum louvered door useful life.	40 years
9.d.15. Aluminum louvered door estimated remaining life	1 year
9.d.16. Aluminum louvered door replacement cost	1 EA x \$2,700 EA = \$2,700
































Picture 9.c.5.1



















10. Mechanical Systems – Non-S.I.R.S. component		
Applicable code(s): 2020 Florida Building Code (F.B.C.) Mechanical. Air-Conditioning Heating and Refrigeration		
Institute (A.H.R.I.). Sheet Metal & Air Conditioning Contractors National Association (S.M.A.C.N.A)		
10.a. 5061 N A1A (Building A)		
10.a.1. Package heating and cooling type and condition	The 3.5 ton A/C unit with 8 kW heater in the game	
– game room	room is in good overall condition. The unit was	
	replaced in 2022. See picture 10.a.1.1	
10.a.2. Package heating and cooling unit - game room-	13 years	
useful life		
10.a.3. Package heating and cooling unit – game room	12 years	
<ul> <li>remaining useful life</li> </ul>		
10.a.4. Package heating and cooling unit – game room -	\$12,250	
replacement cost		
10.a.5. Package heating and cooling type and condition	Although this is the responsibility of the unit owner,	
– game room	it is important to keep an eye on the condition of	
	the AC units. For instance, if an A/C compressor is	
	not properly fastened to the A/C stand, it can act as	
	a dangerous projectile in a hurricane. Also, if the	
	corrosion of the fan shroud gets excessive, it can	
	cause damage to the roof/building if the fan would	
	get dislodged. If there are holes/openings in the	
	conduits, water can get into the building and affect	
	all the residents. The units annear to be in fair	
	overall condition with minor oxidation. The	
	majority of refrigerant lines are adequately	
	protoctod with Armorfloy. Soo pictures 10 a 5.1 and	
	protected with Armoniex. See pictures 10.a.s.1 and $10 - 52$	
10 a 6 Dackage heating and cooling unit units	10.d.5.2.	
usoful lifo	15 years	
10 a 7 Backage heating and cooling unit units	6 years	
average remaining useful life	o years	
10.a.8. Package heating and cooling unit – units -	\$12,250	
replacement cost per unit		
10.b. 5059 N A1A (Building B)		
10.b.1. Package heating and cooling type and condition	The 3.5 ton A/C unit with 8 kW heater in the game	
– game room	room is in good overall condition. The unit was	
	replaced in 2022. See picture 10.b.1.1	
10.b.2. Package heating and cooling unit - game room-	13 years	
useful life		
10.b.3. Package heating and cooling unit – game room	12 years	
– remaining useful life		



10.b.4. Package heating and cooling unit – game room - replacement cost	\$12,250
10.b.5. Package heating and cooling type and condition – game room	Although this is the responsibility of the unit owner, it is important to keep an eye on the condition of the AC units. For instance, if an A/C compressor is not properly fastened to the A/C stand, it can act as a dangerous projectile in a hurricane. Also, if the corrosion of the fan shroud gets excessive, it can cause damage to the roof/building if the fan would get dislodged. If there are holes/openings in the conduits, water can get into the building and affect all the residents. The units appear to be in fair overall condition with minor oxidation. The majority of refrigerant lines are adequately protected with Armorflex. See pictures 10.b.5.1 and 10.b.5.2.
10.b.6. Package heating and cooling unit – units – useful life	13 years
10.b.7. Package heating and cooling unit – units – average remaining useful life	6 years
10.b.8. Package heating and cooling unit – units - replacement cost per unit	\$12,250
10.a. 5061 N A1	A (Building C)
10.c.1. Package heating and cooling type and condition – game room	The 3.5 ton A/C unit with 8 kW heater in the game room is in good overall condition. The unit was replaced in 2012. See picture 10.c.1.1
10.c.2. Package heating and cooling unit - game room– useful life	13 years
10.c.3. Package heating and cooling unit – game room – remaining useful life	2 years
10.c.4. Package heating and cooling unit – game room - replacement cost	\$12,250
10.c.5. Package heating and cooling type and condition – game room	Although this is the responsibility of the unit owner, it is important to keep an eye on the condition of the AC units. For instance, if an A/C compressor is not properly fastened to the A/C stand, it can act as a dangerous projectile in a hurricane. Also, if the corrosion of the fan shroud gets excessive, it can cause damage to the roof/building if the fan would get dislodged. If there are holes/openings in the conduits, water can get into the building and affect all the residents. The units appear to be in fair



	overall condition with minor oxidation. The majority of refrigerant lines are adequately protected with Armorflex. See pictures 10.c.5.1 and
	10.c.5.2.
10.c.6. Package heating and cooling unit – units – useful life	13 years
10.c.7. Package heating and cooling unit – units – average remaining useful life	6 years
10.c.8. Package heating and cooling unit – units - replacement cost per unit	\$12,250
10.d. Comm	ion Areas
10.d.1. Emergency generator type and condition	The emergency generator is a Quiet Connect Series RS150 Cummins Power Generator. Generator and vibration pads are in overall good condition with minimal signs of deterioration. The generator was installed in 2014. See pictures 10.d.1 and 10.d.2. The generator is well maintained and has been frequently been serviced since its install.
10.d.2. Emergency generator – useful life	30 years
10.d.3. Emergency generator – remaining useful life	21 years
10.d.4. Emergency generator – replacement cost	\$40,000













Picture 10.a.5.2









Picture 10.b.5.1



























11. Elevator Systems – Non-S.I.R.S. Component			
A.S.M.E. A17.1/C.S.A B44 Safety Code for Elevators and Escalators			
11.a. 5061 N A1A (Building A)			
11.a.1 Elevator certificate	Elevators have current certificates of operation. See picture 11.a.1.1.		
11.a.2. Elevator system and condition	The elevator is a ThyssenKrupp TAC-50 gearless traction elevator with permanent magnet AC motor. The elevator was replaced/modernized in 2013. The system has micro-processor controls and efficient AC drive system. The elevator system is in good overall condition. See pictures 11.a.2.1, 11.a.2.2 and 11.a.2.3.		
11.a.3. Elevator useful life – Although elevators can last longer than this time frame, it is recommended to modernize the elevators due to updated fire prevention and electrical codes.	25 years		
11.a.4. Elevator remaining life	15 years		
11.a.5. Elevator replacement/modernization cost	\$233,000 for a 2,500 lb capacity elevator with 250 ft/sec speed + (\$8,400/stop x 10 stops = \$80,400) = \$313,400 x (2) elevators = \$626,800		
11.b. 5059 N A1A (Building B)			
11.b.1 Elevator certificate	Elevators have current certificates of operation. See picture 11.b.1.1.		
11.b.2. Elevator system and condition	The elevator is a ThyssenKrupp TAC-50 gearless traction elevator with permanent magnet AC motor. The elevator was replaced/modernized in 2013. The system has micro-processor controls and efficient AC drive system. The elevator system is in good overall condition. See pictures 11.b.2.1, 11.b.2.2, and 11.b.2.2.		



11.b.3. Elevator useful life – Although elevators can last longer than this	25 years		
time frame, it is recommended to modernize the elevators due to			
updated fire prevention and electrical codes.			
11.b.4. Elevator remaining life	15 years		
11.b.5. Elevator replacement/modernization cost	\$233,000 for a 2,500 lb capacity		
	elevator with 250 ft/sec speed +		
	(\$8,400/stop x 10 stops =		
	\$80,400) = \$313,400 x (2)		
	elevators = \$626,800		
11.c. 5055 N A1A (Building C)			
11.c.1 Elevator certificate	Elevators have current		
	certificates of operation. See		
	picture 11.c.1.1.		
11.c.2. Elevator system and condition	The elevator is a Dover		
	composite traction elevator. The		
	elevator was replaced/		
	modernized in 2006. The system		
	has an advanced 32-bit dual core		
	processing system that makes		
	system accurate and reliable.		
	The elevator system is in good		
	overall condition. See pictures		
	11.c.2.1 and 11.c.2.2.		
11.c.3. Elevator Pit condition	There shall be no shiny surfaces		
	when you look into an elevator		
	pit. The pit is clean, including the		
	sump pumps as well as the lights		
	are in good working order. See		
	pictures 11.c.3.1 and 11.c.3.2.		
	The ladders are in good		
	condition. See picture 11.c.3.3.		
11.c.4. Elevator useful life – Although elevators can last longer than this	25 years		
time frame, it is recommended to modernize the elevators due to			
updated fire prevention and electrical codes.			
11.c.5. Elevator remaining life	8 years		
11.c.6. Elevator replacement/modernization cost	\$153,000 for a 2,500 lb capacity		
	elevator with 250 ft/sec speed +		
	(\$8,025/stop x 10 stops =		
	\$80,250) = \$233,250 x (2)		
	elevators = \$466,500		



	Picture	25	
Image: State	ess and Professiona d Restaurants afety d 9-1013 395 remor Melanie S ATE OF OPE ATION THAT 2 2 esperaton of bis conveyor ing the below license m. NGER E 2	a Regulation a. Griffin, Secretary ERATION more and continued compliance aft	
FT PIERCE FL 34949-8225	CAPACITY	EXPIRATION DATE	
35542 9 THIS CERTIFICATE MUST BE POSTED IN A CON- WITH A TRANSPARENT COVER. NOTICE: Any person removing or deficient this cert (Section 806:13,F,S). NC NC NC NC NC NC NC NC NC NC	2500 LBS SPICUOUS LOCATION ( Acate without authorizat DSMC DSM	OBIO1/2024 ON THE ELEWATOR AND FRAMED for is subject to imprisonment or fine OKING DOKING DOKING DOKING DOBACCO TRACE WHILE PRESENT IN AN ATES THIS SECTION IS GUILTY ID DEGREE, PUNISHABLE AS NO	
<text><text><section-header><text></text></section-header></text></text>	Persion of this corrective ing the below license nu IGER E 2 CAPACITY 2500 LBS SPICUOUS LOCATION of Acate without authorizate DSMOK FS. SMOKING IN ET KANY PERSON TO PO OTHER IGNITED SUBS IT PERSON WHO VIOL THE SECON STITS 162 AND S. 175 DI	<text><text><text><text><text><text></text></text></text></text></text></text>	















	OF THE STORE	Department of Bu Division of Hotels	siness and Profess and Restaurants	ional Regulation	
		Bureau of Elevato 2601 Blair Stone F Tallahassee, FL 32 Telephone: 850.48	r Safety toad 1399-1013 7,1395		
	a contraction	Ron DeSantis, G	overnor Melani	ie S. Griffin, Secretary	A REFER
	FLOF	RIDA CERTIF	ICATE OF OF	PERATION	
	THIS IS PUE	LIC NOTIFIC	ATION THAT	Г	1 Carling
					- Contract
	BRAY MAWR OCH	EAN TOWER			BL. St.
	835 20 PL				1000
	CRUBCH FL 32	900			1 Deget
					and the second
	The elevator owner is re with all Florida laws gove TRA	sponsible for the safe of eming the elevator bear ACTION PASSEN	peration of this conveying the below license n GER	ance, and continued compliance umber as a(n):	•
Location	The elevator owner is re with all Florida laws gow TRA BRAY MAWR OCE BRYN MAWR OCE BRYN MAWR OCE 5059 N A1A FT PIERCE FL 34949-8228	sponsible for the safe o eming the elevator bear ACTION PASSEN AN TOWER AN TOWER 11	peration of this convey, ing the below license n GER	ance, and continued compliance umber as a(n): at	
Location	The elevator owner is re with all Florida laws gow TRA BRAY MAWR OCE BRYN MAWR OCE BRYN MAWR OCE 5059 N A1A FT PIERCE FL 34949-8228 LICENSE NUMBER	sponsible for the safe o eming the elevator bear ACTION PASSEN AN TOWER AN TOWER 11	GER	ance, and continued compliance umber as a(n): at	
Inocation	The elevator owner is re with all Florida laws gow TRA BRAY MAWR OCE BRYN MAWR OCE BRYN MAWR OCE 5059 N A1A FT PIERCE FL 34949-8228 LICENSE NUMBER 35543 THIS CERTIFICATE MUST BE	sponsible for the safe o eming the elevator bear ACTION PASSEN AN TOWER AN TOWER 11 LANDINGS 9 POSTED IN A control	GER CAPACITY 2500 LBS	ance, and continued compliance umber as a(n): at <u>EXPIRATION DATE</u> 08/01/2024	























MAINTENANCE CONTROL PROGRAM LOCATION	
The Maintenance Control Program (MCP) consists of two separate documents: the Maintenance Tasks and Records (MTR) log and the Basic Elevator and Escalator Procedure - Maintenance (BEEP - Maintenance) manual. These two documents together meet or exceed ASME A-17.1 8.6 requirement for having a manual.	
The MTR log and BEEP Maintenance manual are available for use and inspection at the following location:	
<ol> <li>MTR - Check when located with the unit's controller.</li> <li>MTR - Check when located remotely.</li> <li>MTR - Check when located remotely.</li> <li>BEEP - Maintenance manual - Check when located with the unit's controller.</li> <li>BEEP - Maintenance manual - Check when located remotely.</li> <li>BEEP - Maintenance manual - Check when located remotely.</li> <li>BEEP - Maintenance manual - Check when located remotely.</li> </ol>	
Remote Location: Street Address:	
Building Name:	
To report any corrective action that might be necessary to the respected of the please call the following number:	
ThyssenKrupp Elevator	
Americas Business Unit	
ThyssenKrupp	
Picture 11.c.2.2	
















Picture 11.c.3.3



12. Electrical Systems – S.I.R.S. compon	ent
National Electrical Code 2020	
12.a. 5061 N A1A (Building A)	
12.a.1. Legend	<ul> <li>Safety – Poses a risk of injury or death.</li> <li>Recommend repair or replacing.</li> </ul>
12.a.2. Main Electrical Service	Amps: 2000 Fuses: 1000 Amp RK-5 current limiting fuses Voltage:120/208 Phases: 3 Wires: 4 Power fed from FP&L vault with 3 phase, 4 wire bus stab. Code Compliant: Yes See pictures 12.a.2.1 and 12.a.2.2.
12.a.3. Interior Unit Panels	Amps: 150 Voltage: 120/208 Phases: 1 Demand kVA: 30 Code Compliant: Yes No signs of double taps in the breakers or neutral wires in the bus bar or overheated components. See pictures 12.a.3.1, 12.a.3.2, 12.a.3.3, 12.a.3.4, and 12.a.3.5.
12.a.4. Grounding – Service	Code Compliant: Yes There is (3) points of contact as required by the N.E.C. 2020: which is a ground rod, water pipe and building. See picture 12.a.4.1.
12.a.5. Grounding – Equipment	Code Compliant: Yes
12.a.6. Meter rooms	Meter rooms are located on the 2 <sup>nd</sup> , 5 <sup>th</sup> , and 8 <sup>th</sup> floors. Meter rooms are in good overall condition. None of the meters showed signs of overheating which could signify signs of arcing or failing electrical mechanisms. See pictures 12.a.6.1, 12.a.6.2, 12.a.6.3, 12.a.6.4, and 12.a.6.5,
12.a.7. Branch Circuits	Code Compliant: Yes
12.a.8. Auxiliary Gutters/Wireways/Busways12.a.9. Low Voltage Wiring Methods	Code Compliant: Yes Code Compliant: Yes



12.a.10. Electrical Panels	Panels are in overall good condition
	and enclosures are properly rated
	for their function. See pictures
	12.a.10.2. 12.a.10.3. and 12.a.10.4.
12.a.11. Unit outlets	Units had duplex receptacles with
	correct wiring, grounding and a
	ground fault circuit interrupter in
	kitchen and bathrooms. See
	pictures 12.a.11.1 and 12.a.11.2
12.a.12. Useful life of electrical system - modernization	50 years
12.a.13. Useful life of electrical system - modernization	11 years
12.a.14. Moderization of the electrical systems	\$50.000
12.b. 5059 N A1A (Building B)	
12 h 1 Legend	Safety – Poses a risk of
	injury or doath
	nijury of death.
	Recommend repair or
	replacing.
12.b.2. Main Electrical Service	Amps: 2000
	Fuses: 1000 Amp RK-5 current
	limiting fuses
	Voltage:120/208
	Phases: 3
	Wires: 4
	Power fed from FP&L vault with 3
	phase, 4 wire bus stab.
	Code Compliant: Yes
	See pictures 12.b.2.1 and 12.b.2.2.
12.b.3. Interior Unit Panels	Amps: 150
	Voltage: 120/208
	Phases: 1
	Demand kVA: 30
	Code Compliant: Yes
	No signs of double taps in the
	breakers or neutral wires in the bus
	bar or overheated components.
	See pictures 12.b.3.1, 12.b.3.2,
	12.b.3.3, 12.b.3.4, and 12.b.3.5.
12.b.4. Grounding – Service	Code Compliant: Yes
	There is (3) points of contact as
	required by the N.E.C. 2020: which
	is a ground rod, water pipe and
	building. See picture 12.b.4.1.
12.b.5. Grounding – Equipment	Code Compliant: Yes
12.b.6. Meter rooms	Meter rooms are located on the 2 <sup>nd</sup> ,
	5 <sup>th</sup> , and 8 <sup>th</sup> floors. Meter rooms are



	in good overall condition. None of
	the meters showed signs of
	overheating which could signify
	signs of arcing or failing electrical
	mechanisms. See pictures 12.b.6.1,
	12.b.6.2, 12.b.6.3, 12.b.6.4,
	12.b.6.5, 12.b.6.6, and 12.b.6.7.
12.b.7. Branch Circuits	Code Compliant: Yes
12.b.8. Auxiliary Gutters/Wireways/Busways	Code Compliant: Yes
12.b.9. Low Voltage Wiring Methods	Code Compliant: Yes
12.b.10. Electrical Panels	Panels are in overall good condition
	and enclosures are properly rated
	for their function. See pictures
	12.b.10.1 and 12.b.10.2.
12.b.11. unit outlets	Units had duplex receptacles with
	correct wiring, grounding and a
	ground fault circuit interrupter in
	kitchen and bathrooms. See
	pictures 12.b.11.1 and 12.b.11.2
12.b.12. Useful life of electrical system - modernization	50 years
12.b.13. Useful life of electrical system - modernization	11 years
12.b.14. Total cost of repair/replacement of the electrical systems	\$50.000
12.c. 5055 N A1A (Building C)	
12 c.1. Legend	Safety – Poses a risk of
	injury or death
	S Recommend repair or
	replacing
12.c.2. Main Electrical Service	Amps: 2000
	Fuses: 1000 Amp RK-5 current
	limiting fuses
	Voltage:120/208
	Phases: 3
	Wires: 4
	Power fed from FP&L vault with 3
	phase, 4 wire bus stab.
	Code Compliant: Yes
	See pictures 12.c.2.1 and 12.c.2.2.
12.c.3. Interior Unit Panels	Amps: 150
	Voltage: 120/208
	Phases: 1
	Demand kVA: 30
	Code Compliant: Yes
	No signs of double taps in the
	breakers or neutral wires in the bus
	har or overheated components



	See pictures 12.c.3.1, 12.c.3.2,	
	12.c.3.3, 12.b.3.4, and 12.c.3.5.	
12.c.4. Grounding – Service	Code Compliant: Yes	
	There is (3) points of contact as	
	required by the N.E.C. 2020: which	
	is a ground rod, water pipe and	
	building. See picture 12.c.4.1.	
12.c.5. Grounding – Equipment	Code Compliant: Yes	
12.c.6. Meter rooms	Meter rooms are located on the 2 <sup>nd</sup> ,	
	5 <sup>th</sup> , and 8 <sup>th</sup> floors. Meter rooms are	
	in good overall condition. None of	
	the meters showed signs of	
	overheating which could signify	
	signs of arcing or failing electrical	
	mechanisms. See pictures 12.c.6.1,	
	12.c.6.2, and 12.c.6.3.	
12.c.7. Branch Circuits	Code Compliant: Yes	
12.c.8. Auxiliary Gutters/Wireways/Busways	Code Compliant: Yes	
12.c.9. Low Voltage Wiring Methods	Code Compliant: Yes	
12.c.10. Electrical Panels	Panels are in overall good condition	
	and enclosures are properly rated	
	for their function. See pictures	
	12.c.10.1, 12.c.10.2, and 12.c.10.3.	
12.c.11. Unit outlets	Units had duplex receptacles with	
	correct wiring, grounding and a	
	ground fault circuit interrupter in	
	kitchen and bathrooms. See	
	pictures 12.c.11.1 and 12.c.11.2	
12.c.12. Useful life of electrical system - modernization	50 years	
12.c.13. Useful life of electrical system - modernization	16 years	
12.c.14. Total cost of repair/replacement of the electrical systems	\$50,000	
12.d. Common Areas		
12.d.1. Legend	Safety – Poses a risk of	
	iniury or death.	
	Secommend repair or	
	replacing	
	Street lights are pole mounted	
12.d.2. Street lights,	lights ranging from 102 volts to 277	
	volts and newgred by means of	
	nhoto coll Street lights and	
	photo cell. Street lights and	
	peuestais are in poor overall	
	conditions. Although lamps are	
	replaced as they burn out, the	
	condition of the actual street lamp	
	pole, wiring and pedestals are in	



	poor shape. See pictures 12.d.3.1, 12.d.3.2 and 12.d.3.3.
12.d.3. Street lights useful life	40 year
12.d.4. Street lights remaining life	1 year
12.d.5. Street lights/pedestals replacement cost	51 street lights/pedestals x \$2,000/street light = \$102,000
12.d.6. Electrical Panels	Panels are in overall good condition and enclosures are properly rated for their function. See pictures 12.d.6.1 and 12.d.6.2.

















## Picture 12.a.3.3



Picture 12.a.3.4













Picture 12.a.6.1



Picture 12.a.6.2





## Picture 12.a.6.3



Picture 12.a.6.4













Picture 12.a.10.2





Picture 12.a.10.3



Picture 12.a.10.4





Picture 12.a.11.1





Picture 12.a.11.2

















## Picture 12.b.3.3



Picture 12.b.3.4





Picture 12.a.3.5











Picture 12.b.6.2





Picture 12.b.6.3



Picture 12.b.6.4





## Picture 12.b.6.5



Picture 12.b.6.6
































Picture 12.c.3.2







Picture 12.c.3.4

























Picture 12.c.10.3









Picture 12.c.11.2













Picture 10.d.3.3









Picture 10.d.6.2



13. Pools/pool decks – Non-S.I.R.S. components		
Florida Building Code 2020		
13.a.1. Pool deck condition	Pool deck is an elastomeric	
	waterproofing system. The pool	
	deck is in good overall shape;	
	however, there are some surface	
	cracks that need to be routed and	
	sealed/patched. The perimeter of	
	pool tile in contact with the deck is	
	failing and needs to be recaulked.	
	See pictures 13.a.1.1, 13.a.1.2, and	
	13.a.1.3	
13.a.2. Pool deck useful life - resurface	15 years	
13.a.3. Pool deck remaining life - resurface	12 years	
13.a.4. Pool deck – resurfacing cost.	4,533 S.F. x \$6.61/S.F. = \$29,963.13	
13.a.5. Pool interior surface condition	The pool is in good overall	
	condition, including the waterline	
	tile, steps, railing and gutter. In	
	2018, the spa and pool were	
	resurfaced. See pictures 13.a.5.1,	
	13.a.5.2, 13.a.5.3 and 13.a.5.4.	
13.a.6. Pool interior surface useful life - resurface	18 years	
13.a.7. Pool interior surface remaining life - resurface	15 years	
13.a.8. Pool interior surface – resurfacing cost. Includes replacement of 2x6 cap	2,744 S.F. x \$14.22/S.F. =	
tile on gutter edge/steps and waterline. Recommend performing any concrete	\$39,019.68	
repairs to the pool surfaces at this time.		
13.a.9. Pool equipment condition	The Vak-Pak CP-VDE series complete	
	Vacuum DE filtration system for the	
	pool is in overall fair condition. The	
	Pentair separation tank is oxidized	
	and in need of replacement;	
	however, this tank is not being	
	utilized. The enclosure is in need of	
	a new exhaust vent and hinges. The	
	soft start is oxidized and needs	
	replacement. Pump motor is	
	oxidized and needs replacement.	
	See pictures 13.a.9.1, 13.a.9.2,	
	13.a.9.3, and 13.a.9.4.	
13.a.10. Pool equipment useful life	20 years	
13.a.11. Pool equipment remaining life	10 years	
13.a.12. Pool equipment – replacement cost	\$23,000	
13.a.13. Pool heater condition	There is (1) Built Right model	
	5BR135-16-J0551 pool heater and	
	(1) Gulf Stream model HE125-R-A	
	pool heater and well as a Jandy Pro	



	Series by Zodiac gas pool heater.
	The heaters are in overall good
	condition. See pictures 13.a.13.1,
	13.a.13.2, and 13.a.13.3.
13.a.18. Pool heaters useful life	10 years
13.a.19. Pool heaters remaining life	5 years
13.a.20. Pool heaters – replacement cost	\$18,000

















Picture 13.a.9.1





















Picture 13.a.13.2





Picture 13.a.13.3







14. Tennis Courts – Non-S.I.R.S. component	
Florida Building Code 2020	
14.a.1. Tennis court, equipment, and fencing condition	Tennis court fencing was replaced in 2015 and is in poor overall condition. There is excessive corrosion, corroded fasteners, and posts are out of plumb. The netting and posts are in fair overall condition. The tennis court surface is cracking throughout. Recommend proper maintenance such as pressure washing tennis court surface. See pictures 14.a.1.1, 14.a.1.2, 14.a.1.3, and 14.a.1.4.
14.a.2. Tennis court useful life - resurfacing	5 years
14.a.3. Tennis court remaining life - resurface	1 year
14.a.4. Tennis court – resurfacing cost. Includes repainting of lines	12,183 S.F. x \$1.50/S.F. = \$18,274.50
14.a.2. Tennis court useful life – rebuild/reconstruct	30 years
14.a.3. Tennis court remaining life – rebuild/reconstruct	16 year
14.a.4. Tennis court – rebuild/reconstruct cost. Includes repainting of lines	12,183 S.F. x \$4/S.F. = \$48,732
14.a.2. Tennis court net useful life	2 years
14.a.3. Tennis court net remaining life	1 year
14.a.4. Tennis court net – replacement cost	\$1,500/net x (2) nets = \$3,000
14.a.2. Tennis court fencing useful life	10 years
14.a.3. Tennis court fencing remaining life	2 year
14.a.4. Tennis court fencing – replacement cost	443 L.F. x \$55/L.F. = \$24,365

















Picture 14.a.1.4


15. Paving – Non-S.I.R.S. component	
Florida Building Code 2020	
15.1. Driveway and parking area condition	The asphalt surfaces for the driveways and the parking areas are in good overall condition. Paving surfaces were previously resurfaced in 2022. See picture 15.1.1, 15.2.2, and 15.1.3. Recommend to keep roadway free of debris and well drained. Ensure to note and quickly correct any areas where water is ponding or surface is cracking. Cracks shall be addressed quickly so water doesn't penetrate into the subbase and cause further issues.
15.2. Driveway and parking area useful life – mill and resurface	20 years
15.3. Driveway and parking area remaining life – mill and resurface	14 years
15.4. Driveway and parking area resurfacing cost. Includes milling top 1" of	11,370 S.Y. x \$18 = \$204,660
asphalt of all areas but covered parking garages	
15.5. Driveway and parking area useful life – sealcoating	5 years
15.6. Driveway and parking area remaining life – sealcoating	4 years
15.7. Driveway and parking area sealcoating cost. Includes all pavement surfaces	11,370 S.Y. x \$4.50 = \$51,165















16. Boardwalks – Non-S.I.R.S. component	ents
Florida Building Code 2020	
16.a.1. Beach boardwalk condition	Beach boardwalk/walkover dune is in good overall condition. The boardwalk railings and gazebo benches were recently replaced with WearDeck in 2023, which is a HDPE material reinforced with fiberglass. See pictures 16.a.1, 16.a.2, and 16.a.3.
16.a.2. Beach boardwalk useful life	25 years
16.a.3. Beach boardwalk remaining life	25 years
16.a.4. Beach boardwalk replacement cost	\$55,360
16.a.5. West boardwalk at building rear condition	Boardwalk at the rear of building is in fair condition. There are some wood pilasters missing a moderate potion of the cross sectional area and there are wood pieces that are splitting and associated fasteners that have excessive corrosion. Recommend repairing section boardwalk as necessary until the end of the useful life. See pictures 16.a.5.1, 16.a.5.2, 16.a.5.3, and 16.a.5.4.
16.a.6. West boardwalk at building rear useful life	50 years
16.a.7. West boardwalk at building rear remaining life	11 years
16.a.8. West boardwalk at building rear replacement cost	\$100,000





Picture 16.a.1.1



























17. Trash Chutes – Non-S.I.R.S. components		
Florida Building Code 2020		
17.a 5061 N A1A (Building A)		
17.a.1. Trash chute condition	The trash chute is a 16 ga aluminized steel chute 30" in diameter with bottom hinged 21"x18" stainless steel intake doors at every floor with a "B" fire rating. There is a 1/8" clear plexiglass top. The trash chutes are in fair overall condition; however, there is oxidation present in the chute as well as the seams and anchors and recommend replacement of trash chute at the end of its useful life. See pictures 17.a.1.1 and 17.a.2. The trash chute undergoes preventative maintenance as the system gets flushed out/cleaned once a year. Recommend to repair the pivoted guillotine door at trash	
	room. See picture 17.a.3	
17.a.2. Trash chute useful life	50 years	
17.a.3. Trash chute remaining life	11 years	
17.a.4. Trash chute replacement cost	\$60,000/trash chute x (2) trash chutes = \$120,000	
17.b 5059 N A1A (Building B)		
17.b.1. Trash chute condition	The trash chute is a 16 ga aluminized steel chute 30" in diameter with bottom hinged 21"x18" stainless steel intake doors at every floor with a "B" fire rating. There is a 1/8" clear plexiglass top. The trash chutes are in fair overall condition; however, there is oxidation present in the chute as well as the seams and anchors and recommend replacement of trash chute at the end of its useful life. See pictures 17.b.1.1, 17.b.1.2, and 17.b.3. The trash chute undergoes preventative maintenance as the system gets flushed out/cleaned once a year. Recommend to repair	



	the pivoted guillotine door at trash
	room. See picture 17.b.1.4.
17.b.2. Trash chute useful life	50 years
17.b.3. Trash chute remaining life	11 years
17.b.4. Trash chute replacement cost	\$60,000/trash chute x (2) trash
	chutes = \$120,000
17.c 5059 N A1A (Building C)	
17.c.1. Trash chute condition	The trash chute is a 16 ga
	aluminized steel chute 30" in
	diameter with bottom hinged
	21"x18" stainless steel intake doors
	at every floor with a "B" fire rating.
	There is a 1/8" clear plexiglass top.
	The trash chutes are in fair overall
	condition; however, there is
	oxidation present in the chute as
	well as the seams and anchors and
	recommend replacement of trash
	chute at the end of its useful life.
	See pictures 17.a.1.1, and 17.a.1.2.
	The trash chute undergoes
	preventative maintenance as the
	system gets flushed out/cleaned
	once a year. Recommend to repair
	the pivoted guillotine door at trash
	room. See picture 17.a.1.3.
17.c.2. Trash chute useful life	50 years
17.c.3. Trash chute remaining life	16 years
17.c.4. Trash chute replacement cost	\$60,000/trash chute x (2) trash
	chutes = \$120,000









Picture 17.a.1.2



































18. Drainage – Non-S.I.R.S. component	:
Florida Building Code 2020	
19.1. Drainage	Drainage consists of type C storm inlets with cast iron grates throughout the parking lot areas. The storm pipe is 12" diameter reinforced concrete pipe (R.C.P.). There is not any evidence of drainage type issues; however, it is recommended to repair damaged sections of R.C.P. as well as jet- vac/flush the entire drainage system. It is possible that king tide can increase the overall water level, but it is advisable to jet-vac/clean the storm lines as it does appear there is a buildup of debris. See pictures 19.1.1, 19.1.2, 19.1.3, and 19.1.4.
19.2. Drainage useful life	The useful life of the R.C.P. is indeterminate, the grates have a useful life of 36 years.
19.3. Useful life remaining - grates	0
19.4. Grate replacement cost, inclusive of 1-1/2"x2-1/2"x1/4" angle casting with 3/16"x1"x6" anchors welded 6" O.C.	14 grates x \$400/grate = \$5,600

















Picture 18.1.4



19. Site Luminescence		
St. Lucie County Municipal Code		
19.1. Site luminescence	On October 24 <sup>th</sup> at approximately 8:30pm, an Extech light meter was used to the site lumens in foot candles of the parking lot areas. All areas measured met the minimum of .5 footcandles (fc) with the average lumens exceeding 1.0 footcandles (fc). The parking lot and entryway lighting meet the minimum requirements of the St. Lucie County Municipal Code. See pictures 19.1.1, 19.1.2, and 19.1.3. See the site plan and close up views of the areas where light meter was used on picture 19.1.4, 19.1.5, 19.1.6 and 19.1.7	
19.2. Walkway/building lights	All lights are in good working order, including the emergency lights and entrance lights. Lights are in overall fair condition. See picture 19.2.1, 19.2.2 and 19.2.3	
19.3. Walkway lights useful life	20 years	
19.4. Walkway lights remaining life	10 years	
19.5. Walkway lights replacement cost	360 lights for property x \$100/light fixture - \$36,000	










































20. Railings – Non-S.I.R.S. component	
Applicable code(s): 2020 Florida Building Code (F.B.C.) Building	
20.a. 5061 N A1A (Building A)	
Applicable code(s): 2020 Florida Building Code (F.B.C.) Building	
20.a.1. Aluminum railings condition	Overall fair condition. Railings exhibit some signs of
	wear and age; however, the railings appear to be
	well cared for and regularly painted, which extends
	the useful life of the railing. See pictures 20.a.1.1
	and 20.a.1.2
20.a.2. Aluminum railings useful life	50 years
20.a.3. Aluminum railing remaining life	11 years
20.a.4. Aluminum railing replacement cost	2,530 L.F. x \$104/L.F = \$263,120
20.a.5. Precast concrete railings condition	Overall fair condition. Railings are regularly
	repaired and painted so as to not allow for the
	railings to deteriorate. Recommended repairing as
	necessary with full restoration of the railings every
	(10) years minimum.
20.a.6. Precast concrete railings useful life	10 years
20.a.7. Precast concrete railing remaining life	7 years
20.a.8. Precast concrete railing restoration cost	3,558 L.F. x \$100/L.F = \$355,800
20.b. 5059 N A1A (Building B)	
20.b.1. Aluminum railings condition	Overall fair condition. Railings exhibit some signs of
	wear and age; however, the railings appear to be
	well cared for and regularly painted, which extends
	the useful life of the railing. See picture 20.b.1.1
20.b.2. Aluminum railings useful life	50 years
20.b.3. Aluminum railing remaining life	11 years
20.b.4. Aluminum railing replacement cost	2,530 L.F. x \$104/L.F = \$263,120
20.b.5. Precast concrete railings condition	Overall fair condition. Railings are regularly
	repaired and painted so as to not allow for the
	railings to deteriorate. Recommended repairing as
	necessary with full restoration of the railings every
	(10) years minimum. See picture 12.b.5.1 and
	12.b.5.2.
20.b.6. Precast concrete railings useful life	10 years
20.b.7. Precast concrete railing remaining life	7 years
20.b.8. Precast concrete railing restoration cost	3,558 L.F. x \$100/L.F = \$355,800
20.c. 5055 N A1A (Building C)	
20.c.1. Aluminum railings condition	Overall fair condition. Railings exhibit some signs of
	wear and age; however, the railings appear to be
	well cared for and regularly painted, which extends
	the useful life of the railing.



20.c.2. Aluminum railings useful life	50 years
20.c.3. Aluminum railing remaining life	16 years
20.c.4. Aluminum railing replacement cost	2,530 L.F. x \$104/L.F = \$263,120
20.c.5. Precast concrete railings condition	Overall fair condition. Railings are regularly repaired and painted so as to not allow for the railings to deteriorate. Recommended repairing as necessary with full restoration of the railings every (10) years minimum.
20.c.6. Precast concrete railings useful life	10 years
20.c.7. Precast concrete railing remaining life	7 years
20.c.8. Precast concrete railing restoration cost	3,558 L.F. x \$100/L.F = \$355,800
20.d. Common Area	
20.d.1. Aluminum railing at pool	Overall fair condition. Railings exhibit some signs of wear and age; however, the railings appear to be well cared for and regularly painted, which extends the useful life of the railing. See picture 20.d.1.1.
20.a.2. Aluminum railing at pool useful life	50 years
20.a.3. Aluminum railing at pool remaining life	11 years
20.a.4. Aluminum railing at pool restoration cost	200 L.F x \$104/L.F = \$20,800









Picture 20.a.1.2











